#### PILLAR 3 (BASEL III) DISCLOSURES AS ON 30.09.2019 CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA

**Table DF-1: Scope of Application** 

### (i) Qualitative Disclosures:

The disclosure in this sheet pertains to Central Bank of India on solo basis. In the consolidated accounts (disclosed annually), bank's subsidiaries/associates are treated as under

#### a. List of group entities considered for consolidation

Name of the entity / Country of incorporation	Whether the entity is included under accounting scope of consolidation (yes / no)	Explain the method of consolidation	Whether the entity is included under regulatory scope of consolidation (yes / no)	Explain the method of consolidation	Explain the reasons for difference in the method of consolidation	Explain the reasons if consolidated under only one of the scopes of consolidation
Cent Bank Home Finance Ltd./ India	Yes	Consolidation of the financial statements of subsidiaries in accordance with AS- 21.	Yes	NA	NA	NA
Cent Bank Financial Services Ltd./India	Yes	Consolidation of the financial statements of subsidiaries in accordance with AS- 21	Yes	NA	NA	NA
Uttar Bihar Gramin Bank, Muzzaffarpur/ India	Yes	Consolidatio n of the financial statements of subsidiaries in accordance with AS- 23	No	NA	NA	Associate: Not under scope of regulatory Consolidation

Uttar Banga Kshetriya Gramin Bank, Cooch Behar/ India	Yes	Consolidation of the financial statements of subsidiaries in accordance with AS- 23	No	NA	NA	Associate: Not under scope of regulatory Consolidation
Indo-Zambia Bank Ltd. /Zambia.	Yes	Consolidatio n of the financial statements of subsidiaries in accordance with AS- 23	No	NA	NA	Joint Venture: Not under scope of regulatory Consolidation

# b. List of group entities not considered for consolidation both under the accounting and regulatory scope of consolidation

Name of the entity / country of incorporation	Principal activity of the entity	Total balance sheet equity (as stated in the accounting balance sheet of the legal	% of bank's holding in the total equity	Regulatory treatment of bank's investments in the capital instruments of	Total balance sheet assets (as stated in the accounting balance sheet of the legal
		entity)	H ENTITY	the entity	entity)

#### (ii) Quantitative Disclosures:

#### c. List of group entities considered for consolidation

Name of the entity / country of incorporation (as indicated in (i)a. above)	Principal activity of the entity	Total balance sheet equity (as stated in the accounting balance sheet of the legal entity) Rs. in Mn	Total balance sheet assets (as stated in the accounting balance sheet of the legal entity) Rs. in Mn
Cent Bank Home Finance Ltd./ India	The main objective of the Company is to provide housing finance and mortgage loan	250	14032
Cent Bank Financial Services Ltd./India	Providing investment banking products / services to corporate clients	50	441
Uttar Bihar Gramin Bank, Muzzaffarpur/ India	Regional Rural Bank	4545	178555
Uttar Banga Kshetriya Gramin Bank, Cooch Behar/ India	Regional Rural Bank	908	36822

<sup>\*</sup>Data for Uttar Banga Kshetriya Gramin Bank and Uttar Bihar Gramin Bank are unaudited for Sept 2019.

- d. The aggregate amount of capital deficiencies in all subsidiaries which are not included in the regulatory scope of consolidation i.e. that are deducted: NIL
- e. The aggregate amounts (e.g. current book value) of the bank's total interests in insurance entities, which are risk-weighted: NIL
- f. Any restrictions or impediments on transfer of funds or regulatory capital within the banking group:  $\operatorname{NIL}$

#### Table DF-2: Capital Adequacy

#### **Oualitative disclosures**

(a) A summary discussion of the bank's approach to assess the adequacy of its capital to support current and future activities

The Bank carries out regular assessment of its capital requirement from time to time to maintain the capital to Risk Weighted Assets Ratio (CRAR) at desired level. The capital plan is reviewed on annual basis to take care of business growth and CRAR.

The Bank has adopted standardized approach for credit risk, basic indicator approach for operational risk and standardized duration approach for market risk.

The Bank has put in place a well laid down Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process to enable the Bank to plan its capital requirements in relation to its business projections and to meet the risks inherent in the business. The main objective of ICAAP exercise is to identify and measure the risks that are not fully captured by the minimum capital ratio prescribed under Pillar I; the risks that are not at all taken into account by the pillar I; and the factors external to the Bank and to provide capital for such additional risks and to measure an appropriate level of internal capital as per the risk appetite. The Bank has also put in place the stress testing policy to measure impact of adverse stress scenario on its CRAR.

The Bank reviews the ICAAP on quarterly basis.

The Bank has taken initiatives to migrate to advanced approaches for Capital Adequacy Computation, and has already appointed a consultant and a system integrator for moving to advanced approach.

Quantitative disclosures (b) Capital requirements for credit risk: • Portfolios subject to standardized approach @9% • Securitization exposures:	Rs. 108957 mn NIL
(c) Capital requirements for market risk: • Standardized duration approach;	
- Interest rate risk	Rs. 9375 mn
- Foreign exchange risk (including gold)	Rs.41 mn
- Equity risk	Rs.3586 mn
(d) Capital requirements for operational risk:	
Basic Indicator Approach	Rs. 8746 mn
(e) Common Equity Tier 1, Tier 1 and Total Capital	
ratios:	
Common Equity Tier 1	10.34%
• Tier 1	10.34%
Total Capital ratio	12.69%

#### General qualitative disclosure requirement

A committee of Board of Directors regularly oversees the Bank's Risk Management policies/practices under various risks viz. credit, operational, market, etc. The Bank also has separate committees comprising of top executives of Bank, headed by Managing Director & CEO and Executive Directors, such as Asset Liability Management, Credit Risk Management, and Operational Risk Management. These committees meet at regular intervals to assess and monitor the level of risk under various operations and initiate appropriate mitigation measures wherever necessary.

The Risk Management Department at Central Office headed by the Chief Risk Officer (General Manager) measures, controls and manages risk within the limits set by the Board and enforces compliance with risk parameters set by the committees. The General Manager is assisted by a team of Deputy General Managers, Assistant General Managers, Chief Managers, Senior Managers and Managers.

Risk Managers are posted at all Zonal offices who act as extended arms of Risk Management Department of Central Office. Risk Managers have also been identified at Regional Offices.

The Bank has in place detailed policies such as Credit Risk Policy, Credit Risk Mitigation and Collateral Management Policy, Enterprise Risk Management Policy, Market Discipline & Disclosure Policy, Operational Risk Management Policies, ALM Policy, Market Risk Management Policy, etc.

Besides these, the Loan Policies prescribe the parameters governing loan sourcing, guidelines on appraisal and evaluation of credit proposals, lending powers of delegated authorities, exposure norms, prudential limits, and monitoring and supervising the credit portfolio.

Credit Monitoring Department headed by a General Manager monitors the loan portfolio, identifies Special Mention Accounts and takes corrective measures. Loan Review Mechanism is implemented by the department apart from managing of accounts under CDR mechanism.

The Bank has introduced rating models for different segments of borrowers including for retail lending schemes which measure the risks associated with counterparties and helps in making lending and pricing decisions. In case of large borrowers, credit risk assessment models evaluate financial risk, Industry risk, management risk and business risk of the counter party. Conduct of account is also factored in for arriving at an overall rating of the counter party. Facility rating module is also available in the rating tool. Where parental support as corporate guarantee is available, it is also factored in.

## Table DF-3 Credit risk: General disclosures for all banks

#### **Qualitative Disclosures**

#### Credit risk

#### Impaired:

The Working Group to review the existing prudential guidelines on restructuring of advances by banks/financial institutions in its report dated 20.07.2012 observed that as per international accounting standards, accounts are generally treated as impaired on restructuring and recommended that similar practice should be followed in India. Ind AS 109 contains guidance on the recognition, derecognition, classification and measurement of financial instruments including impairment and hedge accounting

A Non-Performing Asset shall be a loan or an advance where-

- (i) Interest and/or instalment of principal remain overdue for a period of more than 90 days in respect of a Term Loan;
- (ii) The account remains out of order for 90 days
- (iii) The bill remains overdue for a period of more than 90 days in the case of Bills Purchased and Discounted
- (iv) In case of advances granted for Agricultural purposes
  - a) The instalment of principal or interest thereon remains overdue for two crop seasons for short duration crops
  - b) The instalment of principal or interest thereon remains overdue for one crop season for long duration crops
- (v) The amount of liquidity facility remains outstanding for more than 90 days, in respect of a securitization transaction undertaken in terms of guidelines on securitization dated February 1, 2006.
- (vi) in respect of derivative transactions, the overdue receivables representing positive mark to- market value of a derivative contract, if these remain unpaid for a period of 90 days from the specified due date for payment.

#### Out of Order:

An account should be treated as "Out of Order" if the outstanding balance remains continuously in excess of the sanctioned limit/drawing power, or in cases where the outstanding balance in the principal operating account is less than the sanctioned limit/drawing power, but there are no credits continuously for 90 days as on the date of balance sheet or credits are not enough to cover the interest debited in the account during the same period.

#### **Overdue:**

Any amount due to a bank under any credit facility is overdue if it is not paid on due date fixed by the bank.

#### **Credit Risk Management Policy**

The Bank has put in place a well-articulated Board approved Credit Risk Policy which is reviewed annually. The policy deals with the following areas:

- Credit risk- definition, Policy and strategy
- Risk identification & measurement,
- Risk grading and aggregation,
- Credit risk rating framework and reporting,
- Risk control and portfolio management,
- Mitigation techniques,
- Target markets and type of economic activity,
- Credit approval authority,
- Country and currency exposure,
- Maturity patterns, level of diversification,
- Cyclical aspect of the economy,
- Credit risk in off balance sheet exposure,
- Credit risk monitoring procedures
- Managing of credit risk in interbank exposure,
- Country risk and other operational matters

(Rs. in Mn)

Quantitative Disclosures: (a) Total gross credit risk	
exposures: Fund based*: Non-fund based:	2896047 267790
*includes cash, balances with banks, investments,etc	
(b) Geographic distribution of exposures:	
<ul><li>Overseas</li><li>Domestic</li></ul>	21656 3142181

(c)

Industry Name	Rs. in Mn	Rs. in Mn	Rs. in Mı
	Funded	Non-Funded	Investmen
A. Mining and Quarrying (A.1 + A.2)	5,979	1,610	0
A.1 Coal	2,619	1,380	0
A.2 Others	3,360	230	0
B. Food Processing (B.1 to B.5)	64,617	6,485	4,954
B.1 Sugar	19,313	1,077	4,344
B.2 Edible Oils and Vanaspati	17,402	2,808	0
B.3 Tea	1,055	15	1
B.4 Coffee	87	0	0
B.5 Others	26,760	2,585	610
C. Beverages (excluding Tea & Coffee) and Tobacco	2,167	50	0
C.1 Tobacco and tobacco products	768	45	0
C.2 Others	1,399	5	0
D. Textiles	54,163	14,651	2,108
D.1 Cotton	22,045	579	1,839
D.2 Jute	2,050	365	0
D.3 Man-made, of which	3,226	0	0
D.4 Others	26,843	13,707	269
Out of D (i.e., Total Textiles) to Spinning Mills	12,315	609	0
E. Leather and Leather products	1,263	85	0
F. Wood and Wood Products	1,995	169	0
G. Paper and Paper Products	7,113	3,625	533
H. Petroleum (non-infra), Coal Products (non-mining) and Nuclear Fuels	6,422	3,145	287
I. Chemicals and Chemical Products (Dyes, Paints,	24,319	3,520	114

etc.) (I.1 to I.4)			
I.1 Fertilizers	4,517	49	0
I.2 Drugs and Pharmaceuticals	9,204	980	94
I.3 Petro-chemicals (excluding under			
Infrastructure)	1,023	228	0
I.4 Others	9,575	2,262	20
J. Rubber, Plastic and their Products	6,860	631	0
K. Glass & Glassware	517	23	0
L. Cement and Cement Products	16,910	1,139	0
M. Basic Metal and Metal Products (M.1 + M.2)	60,982	21,371	1,568
M.1 Iron and Steel	40,206	10,058	827
M.2 Other Metal and Metal Products	20,776	11,313	740
N. All Engineering (N.1 + N.2)	73,555	18,552	550
N.1 Electronics	39,746	933	202
N.2 Others	33,810	17,619	347
O. Vehicles, Vehicle Parts and Transport Equipment's	15,991	3,053	157
P. Gems and Jewellery	23,993	4,272	0
Q. Construction	45,756	9,503	2,812
R. Infrastructure (a to d)	274,716	60,706	68,744
R.a Transport (a.1 to a.8)	92,430	12,326	14,520
R.a.1 Roads and Bridges	60,836	10,908	14,520
R.a.2 Ports	7,520	540	0
R.a.3 Inland Waterways	1,078	0	0
R.a.4 Airport	8,663	0	0
R.a.5 Railway Track, tunnels, viaducts, bridges	10,944	800	0
R.a.6 Urban Public Transport (except rolling			
stock in case of urban road transport)	2,991	78	0
R.a.7 Shipyards	252	0	0
R.a.8 Logistics Infrastructure	145	0	0

b. Energy (b.1 to b.6)	112,331	8,865	50,542
b.1 Electricity (Generation)	82,715	5,760	4,696
b.1.1 Central Govt PSUs	23,988	78	0
b.1.2 State Govt PSUs (incl. SEBs)	14,334	0	0
b.1.3 Private Sector	44,393	5,682	4,696
b.2 Electricity (Transmission)	3,844	2,400	0
b.2.1 Central Govt PSUs	684	2,400	0
b.2.2 State Govt PSUs (incl. SEBs)	2,178	0	0
b.2.3 Private Sector	982	0	0
b.3 Electricity (Distribution)	5,634	705	45,846
b.3.1 Central Govt PSUs	612	0	7,054
b.3.2 State Govt PSUs (incl. SEBs)	4,710	0	38,792
b.3.3 Private Sector	313	705	0
R.b.4 Oil Pipelines	0	0	0
R.b.5 Oil/Gas/Liquefied Natural Gas (LNG) storage facility	20,138	0	0
R.b.6 Gas Pipelines	0	0	0
R.c. Water and Sanitation (c.1 to c.7)	14,764	0	0
R.c.1 Solid Waste Management	104	0	0
R.c.2 Water supply pipelines	1,397	0	0
R.c.3 Water treatment plants	1,674	0	0
R.c.4 Sewage collection, treatment and disposal system	6,090	0	0
R.c.5 Irrigation (dams, channels, embankments etc)	5,500	0	0
R.c.6 Storm Water Drainage System	0	0	0
R.c.7 Slurry Pipelines	0	0	0
R.d. Communication (d.1 to d.3)	9,263	29,132	392
R.d.1 Telecommunication (Fixed network)	6,004	2,035	392

R.d.2 Telecommunication towers	0	0	0
R.d.3 Telecommunication and Telecom Services	3,259	27,097	0
R.e. Social and Commercial Infrastructure (e.1 to e.12)	25,571	103	0
R.e.1 Education Institutions (capital stock)	4,820	58	0
R.e.2 Hospitals (capital stock)	3,091	0	0
R.e.3 Three-star or higher category classified			
hotels located outside cities with population of more			
than 1 million	2,553	0	0
R.e.4 Common infrastructure for industrial			
parks, SEZ, tourism facilities and agriculture markets	12,711	45	0
R.e.5 Fertilizer (Capital investment)	9	0	0
R.e.6 Post harvest storage infrastructure for			
agriculture and horticultural produce including cold			
storage	400	0	0
R.e.7 Terminal markets	182	0	0
R.e.8 Soil-testing laboratories	2	0	0
R.e.9 Cold Chain	0	0	0
R.e.10 Sports Infrastructure	1,250	0	0
R.e.11 Tourism - Ropeways and Cable Cars	500	0	0
R.e.12 Affordable Housing	53	0	0
R.f. Others, if any, please specify	20,357	10,279	3,290
S. Other Industries, pl. specify	181,706	23,001	415
All Industries (A to S)	869,025	175,591	82,241
Residuary other advances (to tally with gross			
advances)	1,188,839	112,517	100,173
Total	2,057,863	288,107	182,415

## Industry exposure is more than 5% of gross exposure

	Funded	Non-Funded	Investment
Infrastructure (Including Energy)	274,716	60,706	68,744
Energy	112,331	8,865	50,542

#### (d) Residual maturity breakdown of Performing Assets: Day 1 554759 02 days to 07 days: 59169 32172 08 days to 14 days: 15 days to 30 days: 22874 31days to 2 months: 95047 Above 2 months to 3 months: 50704 Above 3 months to 6 months 123306 Above 6 months to 12 months: 89481 Above 1 year to 3 year 849617 Above 3 years to 5 years 184081 Over 5 years 647136 Total 2708346 (e) Amount of NPAs (Gross) Substandard 56451 Doubtful 1 48538 Doubtful 2 135404 Doubtful 3 71383 Loss 23196 (f) Net NPAs 115519 (g) NPA Ratios Gross NPAs to gross advances 19.89% Net NPAs to net advances 7.90% (h) Movement of NPAs (Gross) 329084 Opening balance 12205 Additions 6317 Reductions ■ NPA (Gross) 334972

<ul> <li>(i) Movement of provisions for NPAs</li> <li>Opening balance</li> <li>Provisions made during the period</li> <li>Write-off</li> <li>Write-back of excess</li> </ul>	19933 1764 567 385
provisions <ul><li>Closing balance</li></ul>	20744
(j) Amount of Non- Performing Investments	1739
(k) Amount of provisions held for non-performing investments	1589
(l) Movement of provisions/depreciation on investments:	
<ul> <li>Opening balance</li> <li>Provisions made during the period</li> <li>Write-off</li> <li>Write back of excess provision</li> <li>Closing balance</li> </ul>	40945 2072 NIL 250 42767

#### Table DF-4

#### Credit risk: disclosures for portfolios subject to the standardized approach

#### **Qualitative Disclosures**

- a. The Bank has adopted Standardized approach for computation of capital charge for Credit risk as per RBI guidelines. These guidelines envisage different risk weights for different asset classes, which have been duly applied.
- b. The Bank has recognized the ratings issued by seven External Credit Rating Agencies identified by RBI viz., CRISIL Ltd., CARE, ICRA Ltd., India Ratings and Research Pvt. ltd, ACUITE (SMERA) Ratings, BRICKWORK and INFOMERICS to rate the exposures of borrowers.
- c. These agencies rate all fund and non-fund based exposures. The ratings awarded by these agencies to the Bank's borrowers are adopted for assigning risk-weights.
- **d.** In case of Bank's investment in particular issues of Corporates, the issue specific rating of the rating agency is reckoned to assign the risk weight.

Quantitative Disclosures:

(b) For exposure amounts after risk mitigation subject to the standardized approach

Below 100 % risk weight:

100 % risk weight

More than 100 % risk weight

Amount Deducted-CRM

Rs. in Mn

2498385

2498385

1122998

## Table DF-5 Credit risk mitigation: disclosures for standardized approaches

#### **Qualitative Disclosures**

- Policies and processes for collateral valuation and management; Bank has a well defined credit risk mitigation and collateral management policy. The main types of collaterals accepted by the Bank are cash and near cash securities, land and building, plant and machinery, etc.
- A description of the main types of collateral taken by the Bank; Bank accepts personal guarantees, corporate guarantees and guarantees issued by sovereigns and banks. Collaterals are valued at fair market value and at regular intervals as per the policy guidelines.

RBI guidelines recognize various types of financial collaterals for the purpose of credit risk mitigation. The guidelines further provide recognition of guarantees as one of the credit risk mitigants. Bank has put in place suitable policy measures to capture these elements.

	Rs. in Mn.
<ul> <li>Quantitative Disclosures</li> <li>(b) For disclosed credit risk portfolio under the standardized approach, the total exposure that is covered by:</li> <li>eligible financial collateral;</li> <li>Fund based Non fund based</li> </ul>	106840 16158

Table DF-6 Securitization: disclosure for standardized approach

Securitization: disclosure for standard	ized approach
Qualitative Disclosures:	Nil
Rs. in Mn	
Quantitative Disclosures	
Banking Book	
(d) The total amount of exposures securitized by the	
bank	Nil
(e) For exposures securitized losses recognized by the	
bank during the current period broken down by the	Nil
exposure type (eg. Credit cards, housing loans, auto	
loans etc. detailed by underlying security)	
(f) Amount of assets intended to be securitized within a	
year	Nil
(g) Of (f), the amount of assets originated within a year	
before securitization	Nil
(h) The total amount of exposures securitized (by	
exposure type) and unrecognized gain or losses on sale	
by exposure type	Nil
(i) Aggregate amount of:	
- On balance sheet securitization exposures retained or	
purchased broken down by exposure type and-	Nil
- Off balance sheet securitization exposures broken	
down by exposure type	Nil
(j) Aggregate amount of securitization exposures	
retained or purchased and the associated capital charges	Nil
broken down between exposures and further broken	
down into different risk weight bands for each	
regulatory capital approach.	
Exposures that have been deducted entirely from Tier 1	
capital, credit enhancing I/Os deducted from Total	
Capital, and other exposures deducted from total capital	Nil
(by exposure type)	
Overtitative Disclosures	
Quantitative Disclosures Trading Rook:	
Trading Book:  (k) Aggregate amount of exposures securitized by the	
(k) Aggregate amount of exposures securitized by the bank for which the bank has retained some exposures	Nil
and which is subject to the market risk approach by	INII
exposure type	
exposure type	
	İ

(l) Aggregate amount of:	Nil
- On balance sheet securitization exposures retained or	
purchased broken down by exposure type and-	Nil
- Off balance sheet securitization exposures broken	
down by exposure type	Nil
(m) Aggregate amount of securitization exposures	
retained or purchased separately for :	Nil
- securitization exposures retained or purchased subject	
to comprehensive risk measure for specific risk: and	
- securitization exposures subject to the securitization	Nil
framework for specific risk broken down into different	
risk weight bands	
(n) Aggregate amount of :	
- The capital requirements for the securitization	Nil
exposures, subject to the securitization framework	
broken down into different risk weight bands	
- Securitization exposures that are deducted entirely	Nil
from Tier 1 capital, credit enhancing I/O deducted from	
total capital, and other exposures deducted from total	
capital (by exposure type)	

## Table DF-7 Market risk in trading book

#### **Qualitative disclosures**

The Bank has a well defined Market Risk Management Policy. This policy covers all important areas of market risk measurement.

Bank defines Market Risk as the risk of loss in on-balance sheet and off-balance sheet positions arising from movements in market rates, in particular, changes in interest rates, exchange rates and equity and commodity prices.

The Bank has adopted Standardized Duration Approach for measuring the capital requirements for market risk as prescribed by RBI.

#### **Policies for management of Market Risk:**

The Bank has put in place Board approved Market Risk Management Policy for effective management of Market Risk in the Bank. Other policies which also deal with Market Risk Management are integrated treasury policy and Asset Liability Management Policy.

The policies set various prudential exposure limits and risk limits for ensuring that the operations are in line with Bank's expectations of return through proper Market Risk Management and Asset Liability Management.

#### **Asset-Liability Management**

The ALM Policy is the framework of the ALM process. Bank's balance sheet has mixed exposure to different levels of financial risk. The goal of the Bank is to maximize its profitability, but do so in a manner that does not expose the Bank to excessive levels of risk which will ultimately affect the profitability. The Policy defines the limits for key measure of risk limits that have been established to specifically accommodate the Bank's unique balance complexion, strategic direction, and appetite for risk.

#### **Liquidity Risk**

Liquidity Risk is managed through GAP analysis, based on residual maturity/behavior pattern of assets and liabilities. Bank is regularly submitting LCR returns and has also put in place contingency funding plan. Prudential limits are prescribed for different residual maturity time buckets for efficient Asset Liability Management. Liquidity profile of the bank is also evaluated through various liquidity ratios.

#### **Interest rate risk**

Interest rate risk is managed through Gap analysis of rate sensitive assets and liabilities and is monitored through prudential limits. Bank also estimates risk periodically against adverse movements in interest rate for assessing the impact on Net Interest Income and Economic Value of Equity.

#### **Quantitative disclosures**

Capital Requirement for Market Risk	Capital Charge (Rs. in Mn)
Interest Rate Risk	Rs.9375
Equity Position Risk	Rs.3586
Foreign Exchange Risk	Rs. 41
TOTAL	Rs. 13,002

#### Table DF-8 Operational risk

#### Qualitative disclosures

Operational Risk is the risk of losses resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, people and systems or from external events. Operational Risk includes legal risk but excludes strategic and reputation risks. Operational Risk Management in the Bank is guided by a well-defined Operational Risk Management Policy which is reviewed every year. The Bank has initiated pro-active steps to equip itself to migrate to advanced approaches under Operational Risk and has started collation of data pertaining to Operational Risk loss events through Loss Data Management, Risk & Control Self-Assessment (RCSA), Key Risk Indicators (KRI) & Scenario Analysis. Bank is also a member of loss data consortium 'CORDEx' for external loss data base.

The Bank has appointed consultant and system integrator for moving to Advanced Measurement Approach.

The Bank has provided capital for operational risk as per Basic Indicator Approach. Accordingly the capital requirement for operational risk as on 30.09.2019 is Rs. 8746 mn.

## Table DF-9 Interest Rate Risk in the Banking Book (IRRBB)

#### **Qualitative Disclosure:**

The interest rate risk is measured and monitored through two approaches:

- 1) Earning at risk (Traditional Gap Analysis)
  The impact of change in interest rates on net interest income is analyzed under this approach and calculated under yield curve approach. Under this approach a
  - parallel shift of 1% is assumed both in assets and liabilities.

#### 2) Economic Value of Equity:

Modified duration of assets and liabilities is computed separately to arrive at modified duration of equity. A parallel shift in yield curve by 200 basis point is assumed for calculating the economic value of equity.

#### **Quantitative Disclosure**

Parameter of Change	Rs. in Mn
1.Impact on Earnings at 100 bps increase in interest rate across assets and liability	4455
2.Market value of Equity: 200 bps change	12889

Table DF-10

General Disclosure for Exposures Related to Counterparty Credit Risk

Qualitative Disclosures	(a)	The Bank assigns credit limits for counterparty exposure on the basis of capital adequacy, asset quality, earnings, liquidity and management quality.  The Bank has a well defined market risk management policy.  The Bank deals in various derivative products and interest Rate Swaps. The Bank used derivative products for hedging its own balance sheet items as well as for trading purposes.		
Quantitative Disclosures	(b)			Rs. in Mn
		Particulars		Amount
		Gross positive value of cont	tracts	822
		Netting Benefits		0
		Netted current credit exposu	822	
		Collateral held	0	
		Net Derivative Credit Exposure 2252		
	(c)	Rs. in Mn		
		Current   Notional   credit     Exposure		
		Forward Forex contracts	51312	707
		Cross Currency Swaps including cross currency interest rate swaps  Interest rate Contracts	3486 5600	90 25

## **Table DF-11: Composition of Capital**

## Basel III common disclosure template as on September 30, 2019

	Common Equity Tier 1 capital: instruments and reserves	Rs. in Mn	Ref. No.
1	Directly issued qualifying common share capital plus related stock surplus (share premium)	41259	A1
2	Retained earnings	-159986	
3	Accumulated other comprehensive income (and other reserves)	329793	
4	Directly issued capital subject to phase out from CET1 (only applicable to non-joint stock companies1)	0	
5	Common share capital issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in group CET1)	0	
6	Common Equity Tier 1 capital before regulatory adjustments	211066	
	Common Equity Tier 1 capital: regulatory adjustments		
7	Prudential valuation adjustments	0	
8	Goodwill (net of related tax liability)	0	
9	Intangibles (net of related tax liability)	0	
10	Deferred tax assets (Business Loss)	10170	
11	Cash-flow hedge reserve	0	
12	Shortfall of provisions to expected losses	0	
13	Securitisation gain on sale	0	
14	Gains and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair valued liabilities	0	
15	Defined-benefit pension fund net assets	0	
16	Investments in own shares (if not already netted off paid-in capital on reported balance sheet)	0	
17	Reciprocal cross-holdings in common equity	66	
18	Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued share capital (amount above 10% threshold)	0	
19	Significant investments in the common stock of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions (amount above 10% threshold)	0	
20	Mortgage servicing rights(amount above 10% threshold)	0	
21	Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (amount above 10% threshold, net of related tax liability)	47513	
22	Amount exceeding the 15% threshold	0	
23	of which: significant investments in the common stock of financial entities	0	
24	of which: mortgage servicing rights	0	
25	of which: deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences	0	
26	National specific regulatory adjustments7 (26a+26b+26c+26d)	0	

26a	of which: Investments in the equity capital of the unconsolidated insurance subsidiaries	0	
26b	of which: Investments in the equity capital of unconsolidated non-financial subsidiaries	0	
26c	of which: Shortfall in the equity capital of majority owned financial entities which have not been consolidated with the bank	0	
26d	of which: Unamortised pension funds expenditures	0	
27	Regulatory adjustments applied to Common Equity Tier 1 due to insufficient Additional Tier 1 and Tier 2 to cover deductions	0	
28	Total regulatory adjustments to Common equity Tier 1	57749	
29	Common Equity Tier 1 capital (CET1)	153317	
	Additional Tier 1 capital: instruments		
30	Directly issued qualifying Additional Tier 1 instruments plus related stock surplus (31+32)	0	
31	of which: classified as equity under applicable accounting standards (Perpetual Non-Cumulative Preference Shares)		
32	of which: classified as liabilities under applicable accounting standards (Perpetual debt Instruments)		
33	Directly issued capital instruments subject to phase out from Additional Tier 1	0	B1+B2
34	Additional Tier 1 instruments (and CET1 instruments not included in row 5) issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in group AT1)		
35	of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase out		
36	Additional Tier 1 capital before regulatory adjustments	0	
	Additional Tier 1 capital: regulatory adjustments		
37	Investments in own Additional Tier 1 instruments	0	
38	Reciprocal cross-holdings in Additional Tier 1 instruments	0	
39	Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity (amount above 10% threshold)	0	
40	Significant investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (net of eligible short positions)	0	
41	National specific regulatory adjustments (41a+41b)	0	
41a	Investments in the Additional Tier 1 capital of unconsolidated insurance subsidiaries		
41b	Shortfall in the Additional Tier 1 capital of majority owned financial entities which have not been consolidated with the bank		
42	Regulatory adjustments applied to Additional Tier 1 due to insufficient Tier 2 to cover deductions		
43	Total regulatory adjustments to Additional Tier 1 capital	0	
	Additional Tier 1 capital (AT1)	0	

45	Tier 1 capital $(T1 = CET1 + AT1) (29 + 44a)$	153317	
	Tier 2 capital: instruments and provisions		
46	Directly issued qualifying Tier 2 instruments plus related stock surplus	23000	C3
47	Directly issued capital instruments subject to phase out from Tier 2	6900	C1+C2
48	Tier 2 instruments (and CET1 and AT1 instruments not included in rows 5 or 34) issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in group Tier 2)	0	
49	of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase out	0	
50	Provisions (Revaluation reserves, Provision on Standard assets, sale of NPAetc)	4861	
51	Tier 2 capital before regulatory adjustments	34761	
52	Investments in own Tier 2 instruments		
53	Reciprocal cross-holdings in Tier 2 instruments	0	
54	Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity (amount above the 10% threshold)		
55	Significant investments in the capital banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (net of eligible short positions)		
56	National specific regulatory adjustments (56a+56b)		
56a	of which: Investments in the Tier 2 capital of unconsolidated subsidiaries		
56b	of which: Shortfall in the Tier 2 capital of majority owned financial entities which have not been consolidated with the bank		
57	Total regulatory adjustments to Tier 2 capital	0	
58a	Tier 2 capital	34761	
58b	Tier 2 capital (T2) admissible for regulatory capital purposes	34761	
59	Total capital ( $TC = T1 + T2$ ) (45 + 58)	188078	
60	Total risk weighted assets (60a + 60b + 60c)	1482487	
60a	of which: total credit risk weighted assets	1210634	
60b	of which: total market risk weighted assets	162525	
60c	of which: total operational risk weighted assets	109329	
	Capital ratios		
61	Common Equity Tier 1 (as a percentage of risk weighted assets)	10.34%	
62	Tier 1 (as a percentage of risk weighted assets)	10.34%	
63	Total capital (as a percentage of risk weighted assets)	12.69%	
64	Institution specific buffer requirement (minimum CET1 requirement plus capital conservation and countercyclical buffer requirements, expressed as a percentage of risk weighted assets)	7.375%	
65	of which: capital conservation buffer requirement	1.875%	
66	of which: bank specific countercyclical buffer requirement	0.00%	
67	of which: G-SIB buffer requirement	0.00%	-

68	Common Equity Tier 1 available to meet buffers (as a percentage of risk weighted assets)	0.00%	
	National minima (if different from Basel III)		
69	National Common Equity Tier 1 minimum ratio (if different from Basel III minimum)	7.375%	
70	National Tier 1 minimum ratio (if different from Basel III minimum)	8.875%	
71	National total capital minimum ratio (if different from Basel III minimum)	10.875%	
	Amounts below the thresholds for deduction (before risk weighting	ng)	
72	Non-significant investments in the capital of other financial entities	NA	
73	Significant investments in the common stock of financial entities	NA	
74	Mortgage servicing rights (net of related tax liability)	NA	
75	Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability)	NA	
76	Applicable caps on the inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 Provisions eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 in respect of exposures subject to standardised approach (prior to application of cap)	NA	
77	Cap on inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 under standardised approach	NA	
78	Provisions eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 in respect of exposures subject to internal ratings-based approach (prior to application of cap)	NA	
79	Cap for inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 under internal ratings-based approach	NA	
Capito	al instruments subject to phase-out arrangements (only applicable betw 31, 2017 and March 31, 2022)	veen March	
80	Current cap on CET1 instruments subject to phase out arrangements	NA	
81	Amount excluded from CET1 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)	NA	
82	Current cap on AT1 instruments subject to phase out arrangements	NA	
83	Amount excluded from AT1 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)	NA	
84	Current cap on T2 instruments subject to phase out arrangements	23000	
85	Amount excluded from T2 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)	16100	

**Table DF-12: Composition of Capital- Reconciliation Requirements** 

			(Rs. in Millions)
		Balance sheet as in financial statements	Reference
		As on 30.09.2019	
A	Capital & Liabilities	·	
i	Paid-up Capital	41259	
	of which: Amount eligible for CET 1	41259	A1
	of which: Amount eligible for AT 1	0	B1
	Reserves & Surplus	153243	
	Share application Money pending allotment	33530	
	Minority Interest	0	
	Total Capital	228032	
ii	Deposits	3046786	
	of which: Deposits from banks	31605	
	of which: Customer deposits	3015181	
	of which: Other deposits (pl. specify)	-	
iii	Borrowings	52267	
	of which: From RBI	546	
	of which: From banks	25	
	of which: From other institutions & agencies	2306	
	of which: Others (Outside India)	0	
	of which: Subordinated Debt	5000	C1
	of which: Upper Tier 2	18000	C2
	of which: Unsecreedem NC Basel III Bonds (Tier 2)	25000	C3
•	of which: Innovative Perpetual Debt Instrument	1391	
iv	Other liabilities & provisions	65205	
	Total	3392290	
В	Assets		
i	Cash and balances with Reserve Bank of India	237134	
•	Balance with banks and money at call and short notice	23300	
ii	Investments:	1378324	
iii	Loans and advances	1462937	
	of which: Loans and advances to banks	1	
	of which: Loans and advances to customers	1462936	
iv	Fixed assets	43183	
V	Other assets	247414	
	of which: Goodwill and intangible assets	0	
	of which: Deferred tax assets	77766	
vi	Goodwill on consolidation	0	
vii	Debit balance in Profit & Loss account	0	
	Total Assets	3392290	

Table DF-13: Main Features of Regulatory Capital Instruments
The main features of Tier - 1 capital instruments are given below:

Details	Equity
Issuer	CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA
Unique identifier (e.g. CUSIP, <b>ISIN</b> or Bloomberg identifier for private placement)	INE483A01010
Governing law(s) of the instrument	Indian Laws
Regulatory treatment	
Transitional Basel III rules	Common Equity Tier 1
Post-transitional Basel III rules	Common Equity Tier 1
Eligible at solo/group/ group & solo	Solo and Group
Instrument type	Common Shares
Amount recognised in regulatory capital (Rs. in million, as of most recent reporting date)	Rs. 41,259
Par value of instrument	Rs. 10 per share
Accounting classification	Shareholder's Equity
Original date of issuance	Various
Perpetual or dated	Perpetual
Original maturity date	N.A.
Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	No
Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	N.A.
Subsequent call dates, if applicable	N.A.
Coupons / dividends	
Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Floating
Coupon rate and any related index	N.A.
Existence of a dividend stopper	No
Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Fully discretionary
Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	No
Noncumulative or cumulative	N.A.
Convertible or non-convertible	N.A.
If convertible, conversion trigger(s)	N.A.
If convertible, fully or partially	N.A.
If convertible, conversion rate	N.A.
If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	N.A.
If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	N.A.
If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	N.A.
Write-down feature	N.A.
If write-down, write-down trigger(s)	N.A.
If write-down, full or partial	N.A.
If write-down, permanent or temporary	N.A.
If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	N.A.
Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify	All depositors and others
instrument type immediately senior to instrument)	Creditors, bonds, and PNCPS
Non-compliant transitioned features	No
If yes, specify non-compliant features	

SERIES DETAILS	Sr. II PDI
Issuer	CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA
Unique identifier (e.g. CUSIP, <b>ISIN</b> or Bloomberg identifier for private placement)	INE483A09252
Governing law(s) of the instrument	Indian Laws
Regulatory treatment	
Transitional Basel III rules	Ineligible
Post-transitional Basel III rules	Ineligible
Eligible at solo/group/ group & solo	Solo and Group
Instrument type	Perpetual Debt Instruments
Amount recognised in regulatory capital (Rs. in million, as of most recent reporting date)	0
Par value of instrument	Rs.1.00 Mn
Accounting classification	LIABILITY
Original date of issuance	28.09.2012
Perpetual or dated	Perpetual
Original maturity date	N.A
Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	Yes
Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	28.09.2022
Subsequent call dates, if applicable	N.A.
Coupons / dividends	
Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Fixed
Coupon rate and any related index	9.40% p.a.
Existence of a dividend stopper	No
Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Mandatory
Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	No
Noncumulative or cumulative	Noncumulative
Convertible or non-convertible	Nonconvertible
If convertible, conversion trigger(s)	N.A.
If convertible, fully or partially	N.A.
If convertible, conversion rate	N.A.
If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	N.A.

If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	N.A.
If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	N.A.
Write-down feature	Not Applicable
If write-down, write-down trigger(s)	N.A.
If write-down, full or partial	N.A.
If write-down, permanent or temporary	N.A.
If temporary write-down, description of write- up mechanism	N.A.
Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument)	All depositors and other Creditors
Non-compliant transitioned features	Yes
If yes, specify non-compliant features	Fully derecognized, No Basel III Loss absorbency features

## The main features of Upper Tier - $\mathbf 2$ capital instruments are given below

SERIES DETAILS	Upper Tier II (Sr. IV)	Upper Tier II (Sr. V)	Upper Tier II (Sr. VI)
Issuer	CENTRAL	L BANK OF INDIA	
Unique identifier (e.g. CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for private placement)	INE483A09211	INE483A09229	INE483A08015
Governing law(s) of the instrument	Indian Laws	Indian Laws	Indian Laws
Regulatory treatment			
Transitional Basel III rules	Tier 2	Tier 2	Tier 2
Post-transitional Basel III rules	Ineligible	Ineligible	Ineligible
Eligible at solo/group/ group & solo	Solo and Group	Solo and Group	Solo and Group
Instrument type	Upper Tier 2 Capital Instruments	Upper Tier 2 Capital Instruments	Upper Tier 2 Capital Instruments
Amount recognized in regulatory capital (Rs. in million, as of most recent reporting date)	1500	3000	900
Par value of instrument	Rs. 1.00 Mn	Rs. 1.00 Mn	Rs. 1.00 Mn
Accounting classification	LIABILITY	LIABILITY	LIABILITY
Original date of issuance	20.01.2010	11.06.2010	21.01.2011
Perpetual or dated	DATED	DATED	DATED
Original maturity date	20.01.2025	11.06.2025	21.01.2026
Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	Yes	Yes	Yes
Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	20.01.2020	11.06.2020	21.01.2021
Subsequent call dates, if applicable	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Coupons / dividends			
Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Fixed	Fixed	Fixed
Coupon rate and any related index	8.63%	8.57%	9.20%
Existence of a dividend stopper	No	No	No
Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory

Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	Yes	Yes	No
Noncumulative or cumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative
Convertible or non-convertible	Nonconvertible	Nonconvertible	Nonconvertible
If convertible, conversion trigger(s)	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
If convertible, fully or partially	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
If convertible, conversion rate	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Write-down feature	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
If write-down, write-down trigger(s)	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
If write-down, full or partial	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
If write-down, permanent or temporary	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument)	All depositors and other creditors	All depositors and other creditors	All depositors and other creditors
Non-compliant transitioned features	YES	YES	YES
If yes, specify non-compliant features	Step up, No Basel III Loss absorbency features	Step up, No Basel III Loss absorbency features	No Basel III Loss absorbency features

## The main features of Subordinated Debt capital instruments are given below:

SERIES DETAILS	Lower Tier II Sr XIV
Issuer	
Unique identifier (e.g. CUSIP, <b>ISIN</b> or Bloomberg	INE483A09245
identifier for private placement)	
Governing law(s) of the instrument	Indian Laws
Regulatory treatment	
Transitional Basel III rules	Tier 2
Post-transitional Basel III rules	Ineligible
Eligible at solo/group/ group & solo	Solo and Group
Instrument type	Tier 2 Debt Instruments
Amount recognised in regulatory capital (Rs. in million, as of most recent reporting date)	1500
Par value of instrument	Rs.1.00 Mn
Accounting classification	LIABILITY
Original date of issuance	21.12.2011
Perpetual or dated	DATED
Original maturity date	21.12.2026
Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	Yes
Optional call date, contingent call dates and	21.12.2021
redemption amount	
Subsequent call dates, if applicable	N.A.
Coupons / dividends	
Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Fixed
Coupon rate and any related index	9.33%
Existence of a dividend stopper	No
Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Mandatory
Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	No
Noncumulative or cumulative	Noncumulative
Convertible or non-convertible	Nonconvertible
If convertible, conversion trigger(s)	N.A.
If convertible, fully or partially	N.A.
If convertible, conversion rate	N.A.
If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	N.A.

If convertible, specify instrument type convertible	N.A.
into	
If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it	N.A.
converts into	
Write-down feature	Not Applicable
If write-down, write-down trigger(s)	N.A.
If write-down, full or partial	N.A.
If write-down, permanent or temporary	N.A.
If temporary write-down, description of write-up	N.A.
mechanism	
Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation	All depositors and other creditors
(specify instrument type immediately senior to	
instrument)	
Non-compliant transitioned features	YES
If yes, specify non-compliant features	No Basel III Loss absorbency features

## The main features of BASEL III compliant Tier 2 Bonds are given below:

	BASEL			
	SR I	SR II	SR III	SR IV
Issuer				
Unique	INE483A09260	INE483A09278	INE483A09286	INE483A08023
identifier (e.g.				
CUSIP, <b>ISIN</b> or				
Bloomberg				
identifier for				
private				
placement)				
Governing	Indian Laws	Indian Laws	Indian Laws	Indian Laws
law(s) of the				
instrument				
Regulatory				
treatment				
Transitional	Tier 2	Tier 2	Tier 2	Tier 2
Basel III rules				
Post-transitional	ELIGIBLE	ELIGIBLE	ELIGIBLE	ELIGIBLE
Basel III rules				
Eligible at	Solo and Group	Solo and Group	Solo and Group	Solo and Group
solo/group/				
group & solo				
Instrument type	Tier 2 Debt	Tier 2 Debt	Tier 2 Debt	Tier 2 Debt
	Instruments	Instruments	Instruments	Instruments
Amount				
recognised in	8000	5000	5000	5000
regulatory		3000	3000	3000
capital (Rs. in				

million, as of				
most recent				
reporting date)				
Par value of	Rs.1.00 Mn	Rs.1.00 Mn	Rs.1.00 Mn	Rs.1.00 Mn
instrument				
Accounting	LIABILITY	LIABILITY	LIABILITY	LIABILITY
classification				
Original date of	08.11.2013	07.03.2017	29.03.2019	30.09.2019
issuance				
Perpetual or	DATED	DATED	DATED	DATED
dated				
Original	08.11.2023	07.05.2027	29.05.2029	30.11.2029
maturity date				
Issuer call	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
subject to prior				
supervisory				
approval				
Optional call	N.A.	07.05.2022	29.05.2024	30.11.2024
date, contingent				
redemption				
amount				
	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
· ·				
_				
	T. 1	T. 1	T 1	771
	Fixed	Fixed	Fixed	Fixed
	0.000/	0.600/	10.000/	0.000/
_	9.90%	8.62%	10.80%	9.80%
1. :				
	No	No	No	No
	NO	NO	NO	NO
	Mondotory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory
	ivianuaioi y	ivianuaioi y	ivianuatoi y	Ivianuaioi y
_				
	No	No	No	No
		_ , ~		
incentive to				
Noncumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative
or cumulative				
Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount Subsequent call dates, if applicable Coupons / dividends Fixed or floating dividend/coupon Coupon rate and any related index Existence of a dividend stopper Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem Noncumulative	N.A.  Fixed  9.90%  No  Mandatory  No	07.05.2022  N.A.  Fixed  8.62%  No  Mandatory  No	29.05.2024  N.A.  Fixed  10.80%  No  Mandatory  No	30.11.2024  N.A.  Fixed  9.80%  No  Mandatory  No

Convertible or non-convertible	Nonconvertible	Nonconvertible	Nonconvertible	Nonconvertible
If convertible, conversion trigger(s)	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
If convertible, fully or partially	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
If convertible, conversion rate	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Write-down feature	YES	YES	YES	YES
If write-down, write-down trigger(s)	option of the Reserve Bank of India, can be temporarily written down or permanently written off upon occurrence	off upon occurrence of the trigger event,	the option of the Reserve Bank of India, can be temporarily written down or permanently written off upon occurrence of the	option of the Reserve Bank of India, can be temporarily written down or permanently written off upon
If write-down, full or partial	Partial	Partial	Partial	Partial
If write-down, permanent or temporary	Temporary	Temporary	Temporary	Temporary

TC.	T. 1 111 1	T. 1 111 1	T. 1 111 1	T. 1 111 1
If temporary	It should be done at		It should be done	It should be done
write-down,	least one year after	least one year after	at least one year	at least one year
description of	the bank makes the	the bank makes the	after the bank	after the bank
write-up	first payment of	first payment of	makes the first	makes the first
mechanism	dividend to its	dividend to its	payment of	payment of
	common	common	dividend to its	dividend to its
	shareholders after	shareholders after	common	common
	breaching the pre-	breaching the pre-	shareholders after	shareholders after
	specified trigger.	specified trigger.	breaching the pre-	breaching the pre-
	speemed anggen.	specifica diagger.	specified trigger.	specified trigger.
		Aggregate write-up	specified trigger.	speemed trigger.
	A composite visite via		A composto vimito	A composta vymita
	Aggregate write-up	in a year should be	Aggregate write-	Aggregate write-
	in a year should be	restricted to a	up in a year	up in a year should
	restricted to a	percentage of	should be	be restricted to a
	percentage of	dividends declared	restricted to a	percentage of
	dividends declared	during a year, the	percentage of	dividends declared
	during a year, the	percentage being	dividends	during a year, the
	percentage being	the ratio of the	declared during a	percentage being
	the ratio of the	'equity created by	year, the	the ratio of the
	'equity created by	written-down	percentage being	'equity created by
	written-down	bonds' to 'the total	the ratio of the	written-down
	bonds' to 'the total	equity minus the	'equity created by	bonds' to 'the total
	equity minus the	equity created by	written-down	equity minus the
	equity created by	written-down	bonds' to 'the total	equity created by
	written-down	bonds'.	equity minus the	written-down
	bonds'.	bonds.	equity created by	bonds'.
	bonds.	Aggregate write-up	written-down	bonds.
			bonds'.	
		in a year, should	bolius.	A
		also not exceed		Aggregate write-
	Aggregate write-up	25% of the amount	Aggregate write-	up in a year,
	in a year, should	paid as dividend to	up in a year,	should also not
	also not exceed	the common	should also not	
	25% of the amount	shareholders in a	exceed 25% of	amount paid as
	paid as dividend to	particular year.	the amount paid	dividend to the
	the common		as dividend to the	common
	shareholders in a		common	shareholders in a
	particular year.		shareholders in a	particular year.
	-		particular year.	-
Position in	All depositors and	All depositors and	All depositors and	All depositors and
subordination	other creditors	other creditors	other creditors	other creditors
hierarchy in			2	2
liquidation				
(specify				
_ · -				
instrument type				
immediately				
senior to				

instrument)				
Non-compliant	NO	NO	NO	NO
transitioned				
features				
If yes, specify	-	-	-	-
non-compliant				
features				

**Table DF-14: Full Terms and Conditions of Regulatory Capital Instruments** 

Sr. No.	Capital type	Instruments	Full Terms and Conditions
1.	Equity	Equity	As disclosed in Main features section
2.	TIER1	PDI	As disclosed in Main features section
3.	TIER 2	UPPER TIER 2 BONDS	As disclosed in Main features section
4.	TIER 2	SUBORDINATE BONDS	As disclosed in Main features section
5.	TIER 2	BASEL III COMPLIANT BOND	As disclosed in Main features section

#### **Table DF-16: Equities – Disclosure for Banking Book Positions As on 30.09.2019**

#### **Qualitative Disclosures**

- The general qualitative disclosure requirement (Para 2.1 of this annex) with respect to equity risk, including:
  - differentiation between holdings on which capital gains are expected and those taken under other objectives including for relationship and strategic reasons; and
  - Discussion of important policies covering the valuation and accounting of equity holdings in the banking book. This includes the accounting techniques and valuation methodologies used, including key assumptions and practices affecting valuation as well as significant changes in these practices.
- Investments in equity of subsidiaries and joint ventures (a Joint Venture would be one in which the bank, along with its subsidiaries, holds more than 25 percent of the equity) are required to classified under HTM category in accordance with the RBI guidelines. These are held with a strategic objective to maintain strategic relationships or for strategic business purposes.
- · In accordance with the RBI guidelines on investment classification and valuation. Investments are classified on the date of purchase into "Held for Trading" (HFT), "Available for Sale" (AFS) and "Held to Maturity" (HTM) categories (hereinafter called "categories"). Investments which the Bank intends to hold till maturity are classified as HTM securities. In accordance with the RBI guidelines, equity investments held under the HTM category are classified as banking book for capital adequacy purpose.

Investments classified under HTM category are carried at their acquisition cost and not marked to market. Any diminution, other than temporary, in the value of equity investments is provided for. Any loss on sale of investments in HTM category is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Any gain from sale of investments under HTM category is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss and is appropriated, net of taxes and statutory reserve, to "Capital Reserve" in accordance with the RBI Guidelines.

Quantitative Disclosures		Rs. in Mn	
		BOOK VALUE 30.09.2019	FAIR VALUE 30.09.2019
1	Value disclosed in the balance sheet of investments, as well as the fair value of those investments	2728	2728
	Publicly quoted share values	-	-

	where the share price is materially different from fair value		
2	The types and nature of investments, including the amount that can be classified as:	-	-
	Publicly traded	-	-
	Privately held.	2728	2728
	JV In India (Cent Bank Home Finance)	219	219
	Associate Outside India (JV in Indo Zambia Bank Ltd)	475	475
	RRBs	1909	1909
	Subsidiaries(Cent Bank Financial Services Ltd)	50	50
	Strategic Investments- Central Ware housing Corporation	21	21
	Strategic Investments-IFCI	34	34
	Strategic Investments-Other FIs (IFCI, GSFC, JKFC, WBFC)	20	20
3	The cumulative realised gains (losses) arising from sales and liquidations in the reporting period.	-	-
4	Total unrealised gains (losses)	-	-
5	Total latent revaluation gains (losses)	NIL	NIL
6	Any amounts of the above included in Tier 1 and/or Tier 2 capital.	-	-
7	Capital requirements broken down by appropriate equity groupings, consistent with the bank's methodology, as well as the aggregate amounts and the type of equity investments subject to any supervisory transition or grandfathering provisions regarding regulatory capital requirements.	NA	NA

## LEVERAGE RATIO DISCLOSURES AS ON 30.09.2019

### LEVERAGE RATIO

The minimum risk-based capital requirements under Basel III will be supplemented by non-risk-based **Tier 1 leverage ratio.** 

Table DF 17- Summary comparison of Accounting assets vs. leverage ratio exposure measure		
	Item	(Rs. in Million)
1	Total consolidated assets as per published financial statements	3404351
2	Less: Adjustment for investments in banking, financial, insurance or commercial entities that are consolidated for accounting purposes but outside the scope of regulatory consolidation	0
3	Adjustment for fiduciary assets recognised on the balance sheet pursuant to the operative accounting framework but excluded from the leverage ratio exposure measure	1479
4	Adjustments for derivative financial instruments	8735
5	Adjustment for securities financing transactions (i.e. repos and similar secured lending)	1842
6	Adjustment for off-balance sheet items (i.e. conversion to credit equivalent amounts of off- balance sheet exposures)	159899
7	Other adjustments	(57577)
8	Leverage ratio exposure	3518729

DF-18: Leverage ratio common disclosure template		
		(Amount in Rs. mn)
	On-balance sheet exposures	
1	On-balance sheet items (excluding derivatives and SFTs, but including collateral)	3314777
2	(Asset amounts deducted in determining Basel III Tier 1 capital)	(57577)
3	Total on-balance sheet exposures (excluding derivatives and SFTs) (sum of lines 1 and 2)	3257200
	Derivative exposures	
4	Replacement cost associated with all derivatives transactions (i.e. net of eligible cash variation margin)	1726
5	Add-on amounts for PFE associated with all derivatives transactions	7009
6	Gross-up for derivatives collateral provided where deducted from the balance sheet assets pursuant to the operative accounting framework	0
7	(Deductions of receivables assets for cash variation margin provided in derivatives transactions)	0
8	(Exempted CCP leg of client-cleared trade exposures)	0
9	Adjusted effective notional amount of written credit derivatives	0
10	(Adjusted effective notional offsets and add-on deductions for written credit derivatives)	0
11	Total derivative exposures (sum of lines 4 to 10)	8735
	Securities financing transaction exposures	
12	Gross SFT assets (with no recognition of netting), after adjusting for sale accounting transactions	92895
13	(Netted amounts of cash payables and cash receivables of gross SFT assets)	0
14	CCR exposure for SFT assets	0
15	Agent transaction exposures	0
16	Total securities financing transaction exposures (sum of lines 12 to 15)	92895

	Other off-balance sheet exposures	
17	Off-balance sheet exposure at gross notional amount	569110
18	(Adjustments for conversion to credit equivalent amounts)	(409211)
19	Off-balance sheet items (sum of lines 17 and 18)	159899
	Capital and total exposures	
20	Tier 1 capital	156214
21	Total exposures (sum of lines 3, 11, 16 and 19)	3518729
	Leverage ratio	
22	Basel III leverage ratio (per cent)	4.44%

**B. S. HARILAL** DY. GENERAL MANAGER-RMD **REVATHI THIAGARAJAN GENERAL MANAGER-RMD** 

(ALOK SRIVASTAVA) (B. S. SHEKHAWAT) (P. RAMANAMURTHY) EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

(PALLAV MOHAPATRA) MANAGING DIRECTOR & CEO