#### PILLAR 3 (BASEL III) DISCLOSURES AS ON 31.03.2017 CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA

**Table DF-1: Scope of Application** 

#### (i) Qualitative Disclosures:

The disclosure in this sheet pertains to Central Bank of India on solo basis.

In the consolidated accounts (disclosed annually), bank's subsidiaries/associates are treated as under

#### a. List of group entities considered for consolidation

Name of the entity / Country of incorporation	Whether the entity is included under accountin g scope of consolida tion (yes / no)	Explain the method of consolidation	Whether the entity is included under regulatory scope of consolidati on (yes / no)	Explain the method of consolidation	Explain the reasons for difference in the method of consolidation	Explain the reasons if consolidated under only one of the scopes of consolidation
Cent Bank Home Finance Ltd./ India	Yes	Consolidation of the financial	No	NA	NA	Deduction of Investments from capital
		statements of subsidiaries in accordance with AS- 21.				
Cent Bank Financial	Yes	Consolidation of the	No	NA	NA	Deduction of Investments
Services		financial				from capital
Ltd./India		statements of subsidiaries in				
		accordance				
		with AS- 21				

Central Madhyapradesh GB/ India	Yes	Consolidation of the financial statements of subsidiaries in accordance with AS- 23	No	NA	NA	Risk Weighted Assets
Uttar Bihar Gramin Bank, Muzzaffarpur/ India	Yes	Consolidation of the financial statements of subsidiaries in accordance with AS- 23	No	NA	NA	Risk Weighted Assets
UttarbangaKshet riya Gram Bank, Cooch Bihar/ India	Yes	Consolidation of the financial statements of subsidiaries in accordance with AS- 23	No	NA	NA	Risk Weighted Assets
Indo-Zambia Bank Ltd. /Zambia.	Yes	Consolidation of the financial statements of subsidiaries in accordance with AS- 23	No	NA	NA	Risk Weighted Assets

# **b.** List of group entities not considered for consolidation both under the accounting and regulatory scope of consolidation

Name of the	Principle	Total balance	% of bank's	Regulatory	Total balance
entity /	activity of the	sheet equity	holding in the	treatment of	sheet assets
country of	entity	(as stated in	total equity	bank's	(as stated in
incorporation		the accounting		investments in	the accounting
		balance sheet		the capital	balance sheet
		of the legal		instruments of	of the legal
		entity)		the entity	entity)
		NO SUCH	I ENTITY		

#### (ii) Quantitative Disclosures:

### c. List of group entities considered for consolidation

Name of the entity /	Principle activity of	Total balance sheet	Total balance sheet
country of	the entity	equity (as stated in the	assets (as stated in the
incorporation		accounting balance	accounting balance
(as indicated in (i)a.		sheet of the legal	sheet of the legal
above)		entity) Rs. in Mn	entity) Rs. in Mn
Cent Bank Home	The main objective of	250	14015
Finance Ltd./ India	the Company is to provide housing		
	finance		
Cent Financial Services Ltd./India	Providing investment banking products / services to corporate clients	50	440
Central Madhyapradesh GB/ India	Regional Rural Bank	2464	77418
Uttar Bihar Gramin Bank, Muzzaffarpur/ India	Regional Rural Bank	4545	187758
Uttarbanga Kshetriya Gram Bank, Cooch Bihar/ India	Regional Rural Bank	908	30878

- d. The aggregate amount of capital deficiencies in all subsidiaries which are not included in the regulatory scope of consolidation i.e. that are deducted: NIL
- e. The aggregate amounts (e.g. current book value) of the bank's total interests in insurance entities, which are risk-weighted: NIL
- f. Any restrictions or impediments on transfer of funds or regulatory capital within the banking group: NIL

#### **Table DF-2: Capital Adequacy**

#### **Qualitative disclosures**

(a) A summary discussion of the bank's approach to assess the adequacy of its capital to support current and future activities

The bank carries out regular assessment of its capital requirement from time to time to maintain the capital to Risk Weight Assets Ratio (CRAR) at desired level. The capital plan is reviewed on annual basis to take care of business growth and CRAR.

The bank has adopted standardized approach for credit risk, basic indicator approach for operational risk and standardized duration approach for market risk.

The bank has put in place a well laid down Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process to enable the bank to plan its capital requirements in relation to its business projections and to meet the risks inherent in the business. The main objective of ICAAP exercise is to identify and measure the risks that are not fully captured by the minimum capital ratio prescribed under Pillar I; the risks that are not at all taken into account by the pillar I; and the factors external to the bank and to provide capital for such additional risks and to measure an appropriate level of internal capital as per the risk appetite. The bank has also put in place the stress testing policy to measure impact of adverse stress scenario on its CRAR.

The bank reviews the ICAAP on quarterly basis.

Bank has taken initiatives to migrate to advanced approaches for Capital Adequacy Computation, Bank has already appointed a consultant &a system integrator vendor for moving to advanced approach.

<b>Quantitative disclosures</b>	
(b) Capital requirements for credit risk:	
<ul> <li>Portfolios subject to standardized approach @9%</li> </ul>	Rs. 130656 mn
• Securitization exposures :	NIL

(c) Capital requirements for market risk:	
Standardized duration approach;	
- Interest rate risk	Rs. 7377mn
- Foreign exchange risk (including gold)	Rs. 40mn
- Equity risk	Rs7532mn
(d) Capital requirements for operational risk:	
Basic Indicator Approach	Rs. 11806mn
(e) Common Equity Tier 1, Tier 1 and Total Capital	
ratios:	
Common Equity Tier 1	8.62%
• Tier 1	8.62%
Total Capital ratio	10.95%

#### General qualitative disclosure requirement

A committee of board of Directors regularly oversees the Bank's Risk Management policies/practices under various risks viz. credit, operational, market etc. The bank also has separate committees for each risk comprising of top executives of bank headed by Chairman and Managing Director/ Executive directors such as Asset liability Management committee, Credit policy Committee, Operational Risk committee. These committees meet at regular intervals throughout the year to assess and monitor the level of risk under various bank operations and initiate appropriate mitigation measures wherever necessary.

The Risk Management Department at central office level which is headed by General Manager; measures, control and manages risk within the limits set by the Board and enforces compliance with risk parameters set by various committees. The General Manager is assisted by Deputy General Manager and a team of Assistant General Managers, Chief Managers, Senior Managers and Managers.

At all zonal offices and Regional office, Risk Managers are posted who act as an extended arm of the Risk Management Department of Central Office.

The bank has in place various policies such as Credit Risk Management Policy, Credit Risk Mitigation and Collateral Management Policy, Stress testing policy, Market Discipline &Disclosure policy, Intra group transaction and exposure policy, Operational risk policy, ALM policy and Investment and Market risk management Policy.

Besides these, the Loan Policy prescribing broad parameters governing loan functions, guidelines on appraisal and evaluation of credit proposals, lending powers of delegated

authorities' exposure norms, prudential limits and measures, monitoring and controlling the credit portfolio is also in place.

The Credit Monitoring Department headed by General Manager monitors the loan portfolio, identify special mention accounts and take corrective measures. Loan review mechanism is also carried out by the department apart from processing and monitoring of accounts under CDR mechanism.

The bank has introduced rating models for various segments of borrowers including retail lending schemes which measures the risk associated with counterparties and helps in credit and pricing decisions. In case of large borrowers, credit risk assessment models evaluate financial risk, Industry risk, Management risk and business risk of the counter party and each of these risks are scored separately then overall rating is accorded to the counter party. Facility rating module is also available in the rating tool. Where parental support is available the same is also factored in rating, if corporate guarantee is available to the borrower. In order to keep the portfolio of Bank as 100% rated, rating scoring sheets for Mudra loan viz Shishu, Kishor & Tarun also introduced.

## Table DF-3 Credit risk: General disclosures for all banks

#### **Qualitative Disclosures**

#### Credit risk

Definitions of past due and impaired

A Non-Performing Asset shall be a loan or an advance where-

- (i) Interest and/or installment of principal remain overdue for a period of more than 90days in respect of a Term Loan;
- (ii) The account remains out of order for 90 days
- (iii) The bill remains overdue for a period of more than 90days in the case of bills Purchased and Discounted
- (iv) In case of advances granted for Agricultural purposes
  - a) The installment of principal or interest thereon remains overdue for two crop seasons for short duration crops
  - b) The installment of principal or interest thereon remains overdue for one crop seasons for long duration crops
- (v) The amount of liquidity facility remains outstanding for more than 90 days, in respect of a securitization transaction undertaken in terms of guidelines on securitization dated February 1, 2006.
- (vi) in respect of derivative transactions, the overdue receivables representing positive

mark to- market value of a derivative contract, if these remain unpaid for a period of 90 days from the specified due date for payment.

#### Out of Order:

An account should be treated as "out of Order" if the outstanding balance remains continuously in excess of the sanctioned limit/drawing power. In cases where the outstanding balance in the principal operating accounts less than the sanctioned limit/drawing power, but there are no credits continuously for 90 days as on the date of balance sheet or credit are not enough to cover the interest debited in the account during the same period.

#### **Overdue:**

Any amount due to the bank under any credit facility is overdue if it is not paid on due date fixed by the bank.

#### **Credit Risk Management Policy**

Bank has put in place a well-articulated Board approved Credit Risk Policy which is reviewed annually. The policy deals with the following areas:

- Credit risk- definition, Policy and strategy
- Risk identification & measurement,
- Risk grading and aggregation,
- Credit risk rating framework and reporting,
- Risk control and portfolio management,
- Mitigation techniques,
- Target markets and type of economic activity,
- Credit approval authority,
- Country and currency exposure,
- Maturity patterns, level of diversification,
- Cyclical aspect of the economy,
- Credit risk in off balance sheet exposure,
- Credit risk monitoring procedures
- Managing of credit risk in inter Bank Exposure,
- Country risk and other operational matters.

(Rs. in Mn)

<b>Quantitative Disclosures:</b>	
(a) Total gross credit	risk
exposures:	
Fund based*:	
Non-fund based:	

*includes cash ,balances with	
banks, investments etc	
(b) Geographic distribution of	
exposures:	
	226
Overseas Domestic	3550417
■ Domestic	

(c)

Industry Name	Rs. in Mn	Rs. in Mn
	Funded	Non-Funded
	21.12	1446
A. Mining and Quarrying (A.1 + A.2)	2142	1446
A.1 Coal	778	1400
A.2 Others	1364	46
B. Food Processing (B.1 to B.5)	75089	26769
B.1 Sugar	29461	5576
B.2 Edible Oils and Vanaspati	12673	15126
B.3 Tea	2716	12
B.4 Coffee	17	0
B.5 Others	30222	6055
C. Beverages (excluding Tea & Coffee) and Tobacco	1949	0
C.1 Tobacco and tobacco products	99	0
C.2 Others	1850	0
D. Textiles	72649	18095
D.1 Cotton	35171	2320
D.2 Jute	1456	360

D.3 Man-made, of which	172	0
D.4 Others	35849	15415
Out of D (i.e., Total Textiles) to Spinning Mills	858	0
E. Leather and Leather products	784	121
F. Wood and Wood Products	1007	459
G. Paper and Paper Products	5712	2832
H. Petroleum (non-infra), Coal Products (non-mining) and Nuclear Fuels	11933	1479
I. Chemicals and Chemical Products (Dyes, Paints, etc.) (I.1 to I.4)	42729	11448
I.1 Fertilizers	13361	18
I.2 Drugs and Pharmaceuticals	13350	8061
I.3 Petro-chemicals (excluding under Infrastructure)	3682	360
I.4 Others	12337	3009
J. Rubber, Plastic and their Products	2563	951
K. Glass & Glassware	482	23
L. Cement and Cement Products	17910	1992
M. Basic Metal and Metal Products (M.1 + M.2)	123849	26678
M.1 Iron and Steel	96866	21830
M.2 Other Metal and Metal Products	26983	4849
N. All Engineering (N.1 + N.2)	50700	51865
N.1 Electronics	7967	1296
N.2 Others	42733	50569
O. Vehicles, Vehicle Parts and Transport Equipments	9252	7914
P. Gems and Jewellery	18030	4003
Q. Construction	73630	16687

R. Infrastructure (a to d)	492195	37239
R.a Transport (a.1 to a.6)	105734	5643
R.a.1 Roads and Bridges	69327	2854
R.a.2 Ports	6846	600
R.a.3 Inland Waterways	1078	0
R.a.4 Airport	12616	68
R.a.5 Railway Track, tunnels, viaducts, bridges	15825	2120
R.a.6 Urban Public Transport (except rolling stock in case of urban road transport)		
	43	0
b. Energy (b.1 to b.6)	297994	7535
b.1 Electricity (Generation)	135395	6448
b.1.1 Central Govt PSUs	13530	0
b.1.2 State Govt PSUs (incl. SEBs)	33310	3500
b.1.3 Private Sector	88555	2948
b.2 Electricity (Transmission)	8949	904
b.2.1 Central Govt PSUs	0	0
b.2.2 State Govt PSUs (incl. SEBs)	3701	904
b.2.3 Private Sector	5248	0
b.3 Electricity (Distribution)	131738	183
b.3.1 Central Govt PSUs	0	0
b.3.2 State Govt PSUs (incl. SEBs)	131459	1
b.3.3 Private Sector	279	182
R.b.4 Oil Pipelines	11230	0
R.b.5 Oil/Gas/Liquefied Natural Gas (LNG) storage facility	8412	0

R.b.6 Gas Pipelines	2270	0
R.c. Water and Sanitation (c.1 to c.7)	10852	380
R.c.1 Solid Waste Management	800	0
R.c.2 Water supply pipelines	0	0
R.c.3 Water treatment plants	3087	380
R.c.4 Sewage collection, treatment and disposal system	6958	0
R.c.5 Irrigation (dams, channels, embankments etc)	7	0
R.c.6 Storm Water Drainage System	0	0
R.c.7 Slurry Pipelines	0	0
R.d. Communication (d.1 to d.3)	30513	21165
R.d.1 Telecommunication (Fixed network)	0	0
R.d.2 Telecommunication towers	21454	0
R.d.3 Telecommunication and Telecom Services	9060	21165
R.e. Social and Commercial Infrastructure (e.1 to e.9)	38124	487
R.e.1 Education Institutions (capital stock)	11523	320
R.e.2 Hospitals (capital stock)	3678	0
R.e.3 Three-star or higher category classified hotels located outside cities with population of more than 1 million	4976	122
R.e.4 Common infrastructure for industrial parks, SEZ, tourism facilities and agriculture markets	17223	45
R.e.5 Fertilizer (Capital investment)	400	0
R.e.6 Post harvest storage infrastructure for agriculture and horticultural produce including cold storage	324	0
R.e.7 Terminal markets	0	0

R.e.8 Soil-testing laboratories	0	0
R.e.9 Cold Chain	0	0
R.f. Others, if any, please specify	8977	2030
S. Other Industries, pl. specify	98962	4053
All Industries (A to S)	1101567	214054
Residuary other advances (to tally with gross advances)	1144633	52628
Total	2246200	266682

Industry exposure is more than 5% gross exposure

	Funded	Non-Funded
Infrastructure	492195	37239
Basic Metal and Metal Products	123849	26678

## (d) Residual maturity breakdown of Performing Assets:

Day 1	42600
02days to 07days:	29752
08days to 14days:	14170
15days to 30days:	50696
31days to 3months:	25606
Above 2 months to 3months:	25431
Above 3 months to 6 months	50030
Above 6 months to 12 months:	84587
Above 1 year to 3year	741140

Above 3 years to 5 years	237986
Over 5 Years	1012940
Total	2314937
Total	
(e) Amount of NPAs (Gross) –	272513
■ Substandard	60333
■ Doubtful 1	88556
■ Doubtful 2	90876
■ Doubtful 3	25924
■ Loss	6824
(f) Net NPAs	142178
(g) NPA Ratios  Gross NPAs to gross advances	17.81%
<ul><li>Net NPAs to net advances</li></ul>	10.20%
(h) Movement of NPAs (Gross)	
<ul> <li>Opening balance</li> </ul>	227210
<ul><li>Additions</li></ul>	104878
<ul><li>Reductions</li></ul>	59574
■ NPA (Gross)	272513
(i) Movement of provisions for NPAs	
<ul> <li>Opening balance</li> </ul>	82380
<ul> <li>Provisions made during</li> </ul>	60280
the period	
■ Write-off	24035
■ Write-back of excess	
provisions <ul><li>Closing balance</li></ul>	118625
(j) Amount of Non-Performing	5601
Investments	

(k) Amount of provisions for non-perfor investments		389
(l) Movement provisions/depreciation investments:	of on	
<ul> <li>Opening balance</li> <li>Provisions made description</li> <li>Write-off</li> <li>Write back of exprovision</li> <li>Closing balance</li> </ul>		10272 768 <sup>2</sup> NII 990 16966

Table DF-4

Credit risk: disclosures for portfolios subject to the standardized approach

#### **Qualitative Disclosures**

- a. The Bank has adopted Standardized approach for computation of capital charge for Credit risk as per RBI guidelines. These guidelines envisage different risk weights for different asset classes, which have been duly applied.
- b. The Bank has recognized the ratings issued by six External Credit Rating Agencies identified by RBI viz., CRISIL Ltd., CARE, ICRA Ltd., India ratings and research pvtltd,SMERArating ltd and BRICKWORK to rate the exposures of its clients.
- c. These agencies rate all fund and non fund based exposures. The ratings awarded by these agencies to the bank's clients are adopted for assigning risk-weights.

<b>d.</b> In case of bank's investment in particular issues of Corporate, the issue specific rating of the rating agency is reckoned to assign the risk weight.		
	Rs. in Mn	
Quantitative Disclosures:		
(b) For exposure amounts after risk mitigation subject to the standardized approach, amount of a bank's outstanding (rated		
and unrated) in the following three major risk buckets as well as those that are deducted:		
■ Below 100 % risk weight:	2550659	
■ 100 % risk weight	525308	
• More than 100 % risk weight	515962	
<ul> <li>Amount Deducted-CRM</li> </ul>	126088	

Table DF-5 Credit risk mitigation: disclosures for standardized approaches

#### **Qualitative Disclosures**

- Policies and processes for collateral valuation and management;
   Bank has well defined credit risk mitigation and collateral management policy.
   The main types of collaterals accepted by bank are cash and near cash securities, land and building, plant and machinery etc.
- A description of the main types of collateral taken by the bank; Bank accepts personal guarantees, corporate guarantees and guarantees issued by sovereigns and banks. Collaterals are valued at fair market value and at regular intervals as per the policy guidelines.

RBI guidelines recognize various types of financial collaterals for the purpose of credit risk mitigation. The guidelines further provide recognition of guarantees as one of the credit risk mitigants. Bank has put in place suitable policy measures to capture these elements.

Rs. in Mn.

# Quantitative Disclosures (b) For disclosed credit risk portfolio under the standardized approach, the total exposure that is covered by: ■ eligible financial collateral; Image: Fund based Non fund based Non fund based 104909 21179

Table DF-6
Securitization: disclosure for standardized approach

Securitization, disclosure for standardized approach				
Qualitative Disclosures:  NIL				
	Rs. in Mn			
Quantitative Disclosures				
Banking Book				
(d) The total amount of exposures securitized by the bank	NIL			
(e) For exposures securitized losses recognized by the bank during the current period broken down by the exposure type (eg. Credit cards, housing loans, auto loans etc. detailed by underlying security)	NIL			
(f) Amount of assets intended to be securitized within a year	NIL			
(g) Of (f), the amount of assets originated within a year before securitization	NIL			
(h) The total amount of exposures securitized (by exposure type) and unrecognized gain or losses on sale by exposure type	NIL			
<ul><li>(i) Aggregate amount of :</li><li>On balance sheet securitization exposures retained or purchased broken down by exposure type and-</li></ul>	NIL			
- Off balance sheet securitization exposures broken down by exposure type	NIL			
(j) Aggregate amount of securitization exposures retained or purchased and the associated capital charges	Nil			

broken down between exposures and further broken	
down into different risk weight bands for each	
regulatory capital approach.	
Exposures that have been deducted entirely from Tier 1	
capital, credit enhancing I/Os deducted from Total	Nil
Capital, and other exposures deducted from total capital	
(by exposure type)	
Quantitative Disclosures	
Trading Book:	
(k) Aggregate amount of exposures securitized by the	Nil
bank for which the bank has retained some exposures	
and which is subject to the market risk approach by	
exposure type	
(l) Aggregate amount of :	Nil
- On balance sheet securitization exposures retained or	
purchased broken down by exposure type and-	
- Off balance sheet securitization exposures broken	Nil
down by exposure type	
(m) Aggregate amount of securitization exposures	Nil
retained or purchased separately for :	
- securitization exposures retained or purchased subject	Nil
to comprehensive risk measure risk measure for specific	
risk: and	
- securitization exposures subject to the securitization	Nil
framework for specific risk broken down into different	
risk weight bands	
(n) Aggregate amount of :	
- The capital requirements for the securitization	Nil
exposures, subject to the securitization framework	
broken down into different risk weight bands	
- Securitization exposures that are deducted entirely	
from Tier 1 capital, credit enhancing I/O deducted from	Nil
total capital, and other exposures deducted from total	
capital ( by exposure type)	
1	

# Table DF-7 Market risk in trading book

#### **Qualitative disclosures**

The bank has well defined Investment and Market Risk Management Policy. This policy covers all important areas of market risk measurement.

Bank defines Market Risk as the risk of loss in on-balance sheet and off-balance sheet positions arising from movements in market process, in particular, changes in interest rates, exchange rates and equity and commodity prices.

The bank has adopted Standardized Duration Approach for measuring the capital requirements for market risk as prescribed by RBI.

#### Policies for management of Market Risk:

The bank has put in place board approved Investment and Market Risk Management Policy for effective management of Market Risk in the bank. Other policies which also deal with Market Risk Management are Asset Liability Management Policy and Policy on foreign exchange operations

The policies set various prudential exposure limits and risk limits for ensuring that the operations are in line with bank's expectations of return through proper Market Risk Management and Asset Liability Management.

#### **Asset-Liability Management**

The ALM Policy is the framework of the ALM process. Bank's balance sheet has mixed exposure to different levels of financial risk. The goal of bank is to maximize its profitability, but do so in a manner that does not expose the bank to excessive levels of risk which will ultimately affect the profitability. The Policy defines the limits for key measure of risk limits that have been established to specifically accommodate a bank's unique balance complexion, strategic direction, and appetite for risk.

#### **Liquidity Risk**

Liquidity Risk is managed through GAP analysis, based on residual maturity/behavior pattern of assets and liabilities. Bank is regularly submitting LCR returns and has also put

in place contingency funding plan. Prudential limits are prescribed for different residual maturity time buckets for efficient Asset Liability Management. Liquidity profile of the bank is also evaluated through various liquidity ratios.

#### Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is managed through Gap analysis of rate sensitive assets and liabilities and is monitored through prudential limits. Bank also estimates risk periodically against adverse movements in interest rate for assessing the impact on Net Interest Income and economic Value of Equity.

#### **Quantitative disclosures**

Capital Requirement for Market Risk	Capital Charge (Rs. in Mn)	
Interest Rate Risk	Rs.7377	
Equity Position Risk	Rs.7532	
Foreign Exchange Risk	Rs. 40	
TOTAL	Rs14949	

#### Table DF-8

#### **Operational risk**

#### **Qualitative disclosures**

Operational Risk is the risk of losses resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, people and systems or from external events. Operational Risk includes legal risk but excludes strategic and reputation risks. Operational Risk Management in the Bank is guided by a well defined Operational Risk Management Policy which is reviewed every year. The bank has initiated pro-active steps to equip itself to migrate to advanced approaches under Operational Risk and has started collation of data pertaining to Operational Risk loss events through Loss Data Management, Risk & control Self Assessment (RCSA), Key Risk Indicators (KRI) & Scenario Analysis. Bank is also a member of loss data consortium 'CORDEx' for external loss data base.

The Bank had already approached RBI for moving to The Standardized Approach and is

now making efforts to move directly to Advance Measurement Approach.

The bank has provided capital for operational risk as per Basic Indicator Approach. Accordingly the capital requirement for operational risk as on 31.03.2017 is Rs.11806 mn.

# Table DF-9 Interest rate risk in the banking book (IRRBB)

#### **Qualitative Disclosure:**

The interest rate risk is measured and monitored through two approaches:

- 1) Earning at risk (Traditional Gap Analysis)
  The impact of change in interest rates on net interest income is analyzed under this approach and calculated under yield curve approach. Under this approach a parallel shift of 1% is assumed both in assets and liabilities.
- 2) Economic Value of Equity:

  Modified duration of assets and liabilities is computed separately to arrive at modified duration of equity. A parallel shift in yield curve by 200 basis point is assumed for calculating the economic value of equity.

#### **Quantitative Disclosure**

Parameter of Change	Rs. in Mn
1.Impact on Earnings at 100 bps increase in interest rate across assets and liability	2741
2.Market value of Equity: 200 bps change	2257

Table DF-10

General Disclosure for Exposures Related to Counterparty Credit Risk

Qualitative Disclosures	(a)	The bank assigns credit limits for counterparty exposure on the basis of capital adequacy, asset quality, earnings, liquidity and management quality.  The bank has well defined investment and market risk management policy.  The Bank deals in various derivative products and interest Rate Swaps. The bank used derivative products for hedging its own balance sheet items as well as for trading purposes.			
Quantitative Disclosures	(b)				
				Rs. in Mn	
		Particulars		Amount	
		Gross positive value of cont	tracts	638	
		Netting Benefits		0	
		Netted current credit exposu	ıre	638	
		Collateral held		0	
		Net Derivative Credit Expo	1469		
	(c)	Rs. in Mn			
		Item	Notional Amount	Current credit Exposure	
		Forward Forex contracts	55054	1420	
		Cross Currency Swaps including cross currency interest rate swaps  Interest rate Contracts	2414 250	47	

## **Table DF-11: Composition of Capital**

## Part I: Template to be used only from March 31, 2017

В	asel III common disclosure template to be used from March 31,	2017	Ref No.
	Common Equity Tier 1 capital: instruments and reserves	Rs. in Mn	
1	Directly issued qualifying common share capital plus related stock surplus (share premium)	19022	A1
2	Retained earnings	-49727	
3	Accumulated other comprehensive income (and other reserves)	184977	
4	Directly issued capital subject to phase out from CET1 (only applicable to non-joint stock companies1)	0	
5	Common share capital issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in group CET1)	0	
6	Common Equity Tier 1 capital before regulatory adjustments	154272	
	Common Equity Tier 1 capital: regulatory adjustments		
7	Prudential valuation adjustments	0	
8	Goodwill (net of related tax liability)	0	
9	Intangibles (net of related tax liability)	0	
10	Deferred tax assets	0	
11	Cash-flow hedge reserve	0	
12	Shortfall of provisions to expected losses	0	
13	Securitisation gain on sale	0	
14	Gains and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair valued liabilities	0	
15	Defined-benefit pension fund net assets	0	
16	Investments in own shares (if not already netted off paid-in capital on reported balance sheet)	0	
17	Reciprocal cross-holdings in common equity	0	
18	Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued share capital (amount above 10% threshold)	0	
19	Significant investments in the common stock of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions (amount above 10% threshold)	269	
		1	1

21	Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (amount above 10% threshold, net of related tax liability)	0	0
22	Amount exceeding the 15% threshold	0	0
23	of which: significant investments in the common stock of financial entities	0	0
24	of which: mortgage servicing rights	0	0
25	of which: deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences	0	0
26	National specific regulatory adjustments7 (26a+26b+26c+26d)	0	0
26a	of which: Investments in the equity capital of the unconsolidated insurance subsidiaries	0	0
26b	of which: Investments in the equity capital of unconsolidated non- financial subsidiaries	0	0
26c	of which: Shortfall in the equity capital of majority owned financial entities which have not been consolidated with the bank	0	0
26d	of which: Unamortised pension funds expenditures	0	0
27	Regulatory adjustments applied to Common Equity Tier 1 due to	0	0
	insufficient Additional Tier 1 and Tier 2 to cover deductions		
28	Total regulatory adjustments to Common equity Tier 1	269	
29	Common Equity Tier 1 capital (CET1)	154003	
	Additional Tier 1 capital: instruments		
30	Directly issued qualifying Additional Tier 1 instruments plus related stock surplus (31+32)	0	
31	of which: classified as equity under applicable accounting standards (Perpetual Non-Cumulative Preference Shares)		
32	of which: classified as liabilities under applicable accounting standards (Perpetual debt Instruments)		
33	Directly issued capital instruments subject to phase out from Additional Tier 1	0	B1+B2
34	Additional Tier 1 instruments (and CET1 instruments not included in row 5) issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in group AT1)		
35	of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase out		
36	Additional Tier 1 capital before regulatory adjustments	0	
	Additional Tier 1 capital: regulatory adjustments		
37	Investments in own Additional Tier 1 instruments	0	
38	Reciprocal cross-holdings in Additional Tier 1 instruments	0	
39	Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the	0	

40	Significant investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (net of eligible short positions)	0	0
41	National specific regulatory adjustments (41a+41b)	0	
41a	Investments in the Additional Tier 1 capital of unconsolidated insurance subsidiaries	0	
41b	Shortfall in the Additional Tier 1 capital of majority owned financial entities which have not been consolidated with the bank		
42	Regulatory adjustments applied to Additional Tier 1 due to insufficient Tier 2 to cover deductions		
43	Total regulatory adjustments to Additional Tier 1 capital	0	
44	Additional Tier 1 capital (AT1)	0	
45	Tier 1 capital (T1 = CET1 + AT1) (29 + 44a)	154003	
	Tier 2 capital: instruments and provisions		
46	Directly issued qualifying Tier 2 instruments plus related stock surplus	15000	C3
47	Directly issued capital instruments subject to phase out from Tier 2	18275	C1+C2
48	Tier 2 instruments (and CET1 and AT1 instruments not included in rows 5 or 34) issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in group Tier 2)	0	
49	of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase out	0	
50	Provisions (Revaluation reserves, Provision on Standard assets, sale of NPA etc)	8831	
51	Tier 2 capital before regulatory adjustments	42106	
52	Investments in own Tier 2 instruments		
53	Reciprocal cross-holdings in Tier 2 instruments	605	0
54	Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity (amount above the 10% threshold)		
55	Significant investments in the capital banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (net of eligible short positions)		
56	National specific regulatory adjustments (56a+56b)		
56a	of which: Investments in the Tier 2 capital of unconsolidated subsidiaries		
56b	of which: Shortfall in the Tier 2 capital of majority owned financial entities which have not been consolidated with the bank		
57	Total regulatory adjustments to Tier 2 capital	605	
58	Tier 2 capital (T2)	41501	
59	Total capital (TC = T1 + T2) (45 + 58)	195504	
60	Total risk weighted assets (60a + 60b + 60c)	1786172	

60a	of which: total credit risk weighted assets	1451732					
60b	of which: total market risk weighted assets	186872					
60c	of which: total operational risk weighted assets	147569					
Capital ratios							
61	Common Equity Tier 1 (as a percentage of risk weighted assets)	8.62%					
62	Tier 1 (as a percentage of risk weighted assets)	8.62%					
63							
64	Institution specific buffer requirement (minimum CET1 requirement plus capital conservation and countercyclical buffer requirements, expressed as a percentage of risk weighted assets)	6.75%					
65	of which: capital conservation buffer requirement	1.25%					
66	of which: bank specific countercyclical buffer requirement	0.00%					
67	of which: G-SIB buffer requirement	0.00%					
68	Common Equity Tier 1 available to meet buffers (as a percentage of risk weighted assets)	0.00%					
	National minima (if different from Basel III)						
69	National Common Equity Tier 1 minimum ratio (if different from Basel III minimum)	6.75%					
70	National Tier 1 minimum ratio (if different from Basel III minimum)	8.25%					
71	National total capital minimum ratio (if different from Basel III minimum)	10.25%					
	Amounts below the thresholds for deduction (before risk weighting)	)					
72	Non-significant investments in the capital of other financial entities						
73	Significant investments in the common stock of financial entities						
74	Mortgage servicing rights (net of related tax liability)						
75	Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability)						
	Applicable caps on the inclusion of provisions in Tier 2						
76	Provisions eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 in respect of exposures subject to standardised approach (prior to application of cap)						
77	Cap on inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 under standardised approach						
78	Provisions eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 in respect of exposures subject to internal ratings-based approach (prior to application of cap)						
79	Cap for inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 under internal ratings-based approach						
Capital	instruments subject to phase-out arrangements (only applicable between 2017 and March 31, 2022)	March 31,					
80	Current cap on CET1 instruments subject to phase out arrangements	NA					
81	Amount excluded from CET1 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)	NA					
82	Current cap on AT1 instruments subject to phase out arrangements	NA					
	. , , ,						

83	Amount excluded from AT1 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)	NA	
84	Current cap on T2 instruments subject to phase out arrangements	NA	
85	Amount excluded from T2 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)	NA	

**Table DF-12: Composition of Capital- Reconciliation Requirements** 

			(Rs. in Millions)
		Balance sheet as in financial statements	Reference
		As on 31.03.2017	
Α	Capital & Liabilities		
i	Paid-up Capital	19021	
	of which: Amount eligible for CET 1	19021	A1
	of which: Amount eligible for AT 1	0	B1
	Reserves & Surplus	160490	
	Minority Interest	0	
	Total Capital	179511	
ii	Deposits	2966712	
	of which: Deposits from banks	56987	
	of which: Customer deposits	2909725	
	of which: Other deposits (pl. specify)	-	
iii	Borrowings	92825	
	of which: From RBI	110	
	of which: From banks	28921	
	of which: From other institutions & agencies	6962	
	of which: Others (Outside india)	0.00	
	of which:Subordinated Debt	11591	C1
	of which:Upper Tier 2	28850	C2
	of which: Unsecredem NC Basel III Bonds (Tier 2)	15000	C3
	of which: Innovative Perpetual Debt Instrument	1391	B2
iv	Other liabilities & provisions	94972	
	Total	3334019	
	Accepta		
<u>В</u>	Assets	750000	<u> </u>
i	Cash and balances with Reserve Bank of India	750868	

	Balance with banks and money at call and short notice	36798	
ii	Investments:	920948	
iii	Loans and advances	1393988	
	of which: Loans and advances to banks	15	
	of which: Loans and advances to customers	1393973	
iv	Fixed assets	42904	
٧	Other assets	188513	
	of which: Goodwill and intangible assets	0	
	of which: Deferred tax assets	0	
vi	Goodwill on consolidation		
vii	Debit balance in Profit & Loss account	0	
	Total Assets	3334019	

**Table DF-13: Main Features of Regulatory Capital Instruments** 

## The main features of Tier - 1 capital instruments are given below:

Details	Equity		
Issuer	CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA		
Unique identifier (e.g. CUSIP, <b>ISIN</b> or Bloomberg identifier for private placement)	INE483A01010		
Governing law(s) of the instrument	Indian Laws		
Regulatory treatment			
Transitional Basel III rules	Common Equity Tier 1		
Post-transitional Basel III rules	Common Equity Tier 1		
Eligible at solo/group/ group & solo	Solo and Group		
Instrument type	Common Shares		
Amount recognised in regulatory capital (Rs. in million, as of most recent reporting date)	19022		
Par value of instrument	Rs. 10 per share		
Accounting classification	Shareholder's Equity		
Original date of issuance	Various		
Perpetual or dated	Perpetual		
Original maturity date	N.A.		

Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	No
Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	N.A.
Subsequent call dates, if applicable	N.A.
Coupons / dividends	
Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Floating
Coupon rate and any related index	N.A.
Existence of a dividend stopper	No
Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Fully discretionary
Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	No
Noncumulative or cumulative	N.A.
Convertible or non-convertible	N.A.
If convertible, conversion trigger(s)	N.A.
If convertible, fully or partially	N.A.
If convertible, conversion rate	N.A.
If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	N.A.
If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	N.A.
If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	N.A.
Write-down feature	N.A.
If write-down, write-down trigger(s)	N.A.
If write-down, full or partial	N.A.
If write-down, permanent or temporary	N.A.
If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	N.A.
Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument	All depositors and others
type immediately senior to instrument)	Creditors, bonds, and PNCPS
Non-compliant transitioned features	No
If yes, specify non-compliant features	

SERIES DETAILS	Sr. II PDI			
Issuer	CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA			
Unique identifier (e.g. CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for private placement)	INE483A09252			
Governing law(s) of the instrument	Indian Laws			
Regulatory treatment				
Transitional Basel III rules	Ineligible			
Post-transitional Basel III rules	Ineligible			
Eligible at solo/group/ group & solo	Solo and Group			
Instrument type	Perpetual Debt Instruments			
Amount recognised in regulatory capital (Rs. in million, as of most recent reporting date)	0			
Par value of instrument	Rs.1.00 Mn			
Accounting classification	LIABILITY			
Original date of issuance	28.09.2012			
Perpetual or dated	Perpetual			
Original maturity date	N.A			
Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	Yes			
Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	28.09.2022			
Subsequent call dates, if applicable	N.A.			
Coupons / dividends				
Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Fixed			
Coupon rate and any related index	9.40% p.a.			
Existence of a dividend stopper	No			
Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Mandatory			
Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	No			

Noncumulative or cumulative	Noncumulative
Convertible or non-convertible	Nonconvertible
If convertible, conversion trigger(s)	N.A.
If convertible, fully or partially	N.A.
If convertible, conversion rate	N.A.
If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	N.A.
If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	N.A.
If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	N.A.
Write-down feature	Not Applicable
If write-down, write-down trigger(s)	N.A.
If write-down, full or partial	N.A.
If write-down, permanent or temporary	N.A.
If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	N.A.
Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument)	All depositors and other Creditors
Non-compliant transitioned features	Yes
If yes, specify non-compliant features	Fully derecognized, Not Basel III Loss absorbency features

## The main features of Upper Tier - $\mathbf 2$ capital instruments are given below

SERIES DETAILS	Upper Tier II (Sr. I)	Upper Tier II (Sr. II)	Upper Tier II (Sr.III)	Upper Tier II (Sr. IV)	Upper Tier II (Sr. V)	Upper Tier II (Sr. VI)
Issuer	CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA					
Unique identifier (e.g. CUSIP, <b>ISIN</b> or Bloomberg identifier for private placement)	INE483A09179	INE483A09195	INE483A09203	INE483A09211	INE483A09229	INE483A08015
Governing law(s) of the instrument	Indian Laws	Indian Laws	Indian Laws	Indian Laws	Indian Laws	Indian Laws
Regulatory treatment						
Transitional Basel III rules	Tier 2	Tier 2	Tier 2	Tier 2	Tier 2	Tier 2
Post-transitional Basel III rules	Ineligible	Ineligible	Ineligible	Ineligible	Ineligible	Ineligible
Eligible at solo/group/ group & solo	Solo and Group	Solo and Group	Solo and Group	Solo and Group	Solo and Group	Solo and Group
Instrument type	Upper Tier 2 Capital Instruments	Upper Tier 2 Capital Instruments	Upper Tier 2 Capital Instruments	Upper Tier 2 Capital Instruments	Upper Tier 2 Capital Instruments	Upper Tier 2 Capital Instruments
Amount recognized in regulatory capital (Rs. in million, as of most recent reporting date)	1500	1425	2500	2500	5000	1500
Par value of instrument	Rs. 1.00 Mn	Rs. 1.00 Mn	Rs. 1.00 Mn	Rs. 1.00 Mn	Rs. 1.00 Mn	Rs. 1.00 Mn
Accounting classification	LIABILITY	LIABILITY	LIABILITY	LIABILITY	LIABILITY	LIABILITY
Original date of issuance	14.11.2008	17.02.2009	23.06.2009	20.01.2010	11.06.2010	21.01.2011
Perpetual or dated	DATED	DATED	DATED	DATED	DATED	DATED
Original maturity date	14.11.2023	17.02.2024	23.06.2024	20.01.2025	11.06.2025	21.01.2026
Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	14.11.2018	17.02.2019	23.06.2019	20.01.2020	11.06.2020	21.01.2021
Subsequent call dates, if	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.

applicable						
Coupons / dividends						
Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Fixed	Fixed	Fixed	Fixed	Fixed	Fixed
Coupon rate and any related index	11.45%	9.40%	8.80%	8.63%	8.57%	9.20%
Existence of a dividend stopper	No	No	No	No	No	No
Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory
Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Noncumulative or cumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative
Convertible or non- convertible	Nonconvertible	Nonconvertible	Nonconvertible	Nonconvertible	Nonconvertible	Nonconvertible
If convertible, conversion trigger(s)	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
If convertible, fully or partially	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
If convertible, conversion rate	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Write-down feature	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
If write-down, write-down trigger(s)	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
If write-down, full or partial	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
If write-down, permanent or temporary	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.

If temporary write-down,	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
description of write-up						
mechanism						
Position in subordination	All depositors	All depositors	All depositors and	All depositors and	All depositors	All depositors and
hierarchy in liquidation	and other	and other	other creditors	other creditors	and other	other creditors
(specify instrument type	creditors	creditors			creditors	
immediately senior to						
instrument)						
Non-compliant transitioned	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
features						
If yes, specify non-compliant	Step up,	Step up,	Step up,	Step up,	Step up,	Not Basel III Loss
features	Not Basel III	Not Basel III	Not Basel III Loss	Not Basel III Loss	Not Basel III	absorbency features
	Loss absorbency	Loss absorbency	absorbency	absorbency features	Loss absorbency	
	features	features	features		features	

## The main features of Subordinated Debt capital instruments are given below:

SERIES DETAILS	Lower Tier II Sr XII	Lower Tier II Sr XIII	Lower Tier II Sr XIV
Issuer			
Unique identifier (e.g. CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for private placement)	INE483A09161	INE483109187	INE483A09245
Governing law(s) of the instrument	Indian Laws	Indian Laws	Indian Laws
Regulatory treatment			
Transitional Basel III rules	Tier 2	Tier 2	Tier 2
Post-transitional Basel III rules	Ineligible	Ineligible	Ineligible
Eligible at solo/group/ group & solo	Solo and Group	Solo and Group	Solo and Group
Instrument type	Tier 2 Debt Instruments	Tier 2 Debt Instruments	Tier 2 Debt Instruments

Amount recognised in regulatory capital (Rs. in million, as of most recent reporting date)	0	1350	2500
Par value of instrument	Rs.1.00 Mn	Rs.1.00 Mn	Rs.1.00 Mn
Accounting classification	LIABILITY	LIABILITY	LIABILITY
Original date of issuance	03.03.2008	10.02.2009	21.12.2011
Perpetual or dated	DATED	DATED	DATED
Original maturity date	03.05.2017	10.04.2018	21.12.2026
Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	No	No	Yes
Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	N.A.	N.A.	21.12.2021
Subsequent call dates, if applicable	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Coupons / dividends			
Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Fixed	Fixed	Fixed
Coupon rate and any related index	9.20%	9.35%	9.33%
Existence of a dividend stopper	No	No	No
Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory
Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	No	No	No
Noncumulative or cumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative
Convertible or non-convertible	Nonconvertible	Nonconvertible	Nonconvertible
If convertible, conversion trigger(s)	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
If convertible, fully or partially	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
If convertible, conversion rate	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.

If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Write-down feature	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
If write-down, write-down trigger(s)	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
If write-down, full or partial	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
If write-down, permanent or temporary	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument)	All depositors and other creditors	All depositors and other creditors	All depositors and other creditors
Non-compliant transitioned features	YES	YES	YES
If yes, specify non-compliant features	Not Basel III Loss absorbency features	Not Basel III Loss absorbency features	Not Basel III Loss absorbency features

## The main features of BASEL III compliant Tier 2 Bonds are given below:

	BASEL III COMPLIANT TIER II BONDS			
	SR I	SR II		
Issuer				
Unique identifier (e.g. CUSIP, <b>ISIN</b> or Bloomberg identifier for private placement)	INE483A09260	INE483A09278		
Governing law(s) of the instrument	Indian Laws	Indian Laws		
Regulatory treatment				
Transitional Basel III rules	Tier 2	Tier 2		
Post-transitional Basel III rules	ELIGIBLE	ELIGIBLE		
Eligible at solo/group/ group & solo	Solo and Group	Solo and Group		
Instrument type	Tier 2 Debt Instruments	Tier 2 Debt Instruments		
Amount recognised in regulatory capital (Rs. in million, as of most recent reporting date)	10000	5000		
Par value of instrument	Rs.1.00 Mn	Rs.1.00 Mn		
Accounting classification	LIABILITY	LIABILITY		
Original date of issuance	08.11.2013	07.03.2017		
Perpetual or dated	DATED	DATED		
Original maturity date	08.11.2023	07.05.2027		
Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	No	Yes		
Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	N.A.	07.05.2022		
Subsequent call dates, if applicable  Coupons / dividends	N.A.	N.A.		
Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Fixed	Fixed		
Coupon rate and any related index	9.90%	8.62%		
Existence of a dividend stopper	No	No		
Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory		

Existence of step up or	No	No
other incentive to redeem		
Noncumulative or	Noncumulative	Noncumulative
cumulative	Troncumulative	Troncumulative
Convertible or non-	Nonconvertible	Nonconvertible
convertible		
If convertible,	N.A.	N.A.
conversion trigger(s)		
If convertible, fully or	N.A.	N.A.
partially		
If convertible,	N.A.	N.A.
conversion rate		
If convertible,	N.A.	N.A.
mandatory or optional		
conversion		
If convertible, specify	N.A.	N.A.
instrument type		
convertible into	N. A	NY A
If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it	N.A.	N.A.
converts into		
Write-down feature	YES	YES
	·-	
If write-down, write-	These bonds, at the option of the	These bonds, at the option of the
down trigger(s)	reserve bank of India, can be	reserve bank of India, can be
	temporarily written down or permanently written off upon	temporarily written down or permanently written off upon
	permanently written off upon occurrence of the trigger event, called	permanently written off upon occurrence of the trigger event, called
	the 'point of non-viability	the 'point of non-viability
	trigger'("ponv trigger")	trigger'("ponv trigger")
If write-down, full or	Partial	Partial
partial		1 artar
If write-down,	Temporary	Temporary
permanent or temporary		
If temporary write-	1) It should be done at least one year	It should be done at least one year
down, description of	after the bank makes the first	after the bank makes the first
write-up mechanism	payment of dividend to its	payment of dividend to its common
•	common shareholders after	shareholders after breaching the pre-
	breaching the pre-specified	specified trigger.
	trigger.	
		Aggregate write-up in a year should
	2) Aggregate write-up in a year	be restricted to a percentage of
	should be restricted to a percentage of	dividends declared during a year, the
	dividends declared during a year, the	percentage being the ratio of the
	percentage being the ratio of the	'equity created by written-down
	'equity created by written-down	bonds' to 'the total equity minus the
	bonds' to 'the total equity minus the	equity created by written-down
	equity created by written-down	bonds'.
	bonds'.	

	3) Aggregate write-up in a year, should also not exceed 25% of the amount paid as dividend to the common shareholders in a particular year.	Aggregate write-up in a year, should also not exceed 25% of the amount paid as dividend to the common shareholders in a particular year.
Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument)	All depositors and other creditors	All depositors and other creditors
Non-compliant transitioned features	NO	NO
If yes, specify non- compliant features	-	-

**Table DF-14: Full Terms and Conditions of Regulatory Capital Instruments** 

Sr. No.	Capital type	Instruments	Full Terms and Conditions
1.	Equity	Equity	As disclosed in Main features section
2.	TIER1	PDI	As disclosed in Main features section
3.	TIER 2	UPPER TIER 2 BONDS	As disclosed in Main features section
4.	TIER 2	SUBORDINATE BONDS	As disclosed in Main features section
5.	TIER 2	BASEL III COMPLIANT BOND	As disclosed in Main features section

#### Table DF-16: Equities – Disclosure for Banking Book Positions As on 31.03.2017

#### **Qualitative Disclosures**

- 1 The general qualitative disclosure requirement (Para 2.1 of this annex) with respect to equity risk, including:
  - differentiation between holdings on which capital gains are expected and those taken under other objectives including for relationship and strategic reasons; and
  - Discussion of important policies covering the valuation and accounting of equity holdings in the banking book. This includes the accounting techniques and valuation methodologies used, including key assumptions and practices affecting valuation as well as significant changes in these practices.

Equity HTM investment are in Foreign associate, Indian Subsidiary, Joint Venture, Associates, Regional Rural Banks, IFCI, Central Warehousing Corporation, other strategic investments in FIs (SFCs)

As soon as the deal is entered (whether settled or not) necessary vouchers are passed.

These vouchers are passed on the basis of deal tickets received from front office, on obtaining of broker confirmation from counter party getting broker's contract note (if the deal is through broker).

	enanges in these practices.	broker).	
Qı	uantitative Disclosures		Rs. in Mn
		BOOK VALUE	FAIR VALUE
		31.03.2017	31.03.2017
1	Value disclosed in the balance	3590	3590
	sheet of investments, as well		
	as the fair value of those		
	investments		
	Publicly quoted share values	-	-
	where the share price is		
	materially different from fair		
_	value		
2	The types and nature of		
	investments, including the amount that can be classified as:		
	amount that can be classified as.		
	Publicly traded	-	-
	Privately held.	3590	3590
	JV In India (Cent Bank Home	219	219
	Finance)		
	Associate Outside India (JV in	475	475
	Indo Zambia Bank Ltd)		
	RRBs	2771	2771
	Subsidiaries(Cent Bank	50	50
	Financial Services Ltd)		
	Strategic Investments-	21	21
	Central Ware housing		

	Corporation		
	Strategic Investments-IFCI	40	40
	Strategic Investments-Other FIs (IFCI, GSFC, JKFC, WBFC)	20	20
3	The cumulative realised gains (losses) arising from sales and liquidations in the reporting period.	-	-
4	Total unrealised gains (losses)	-	-
5	Total latent revaluation gains (losses)	NIL	NIL
6	Any amounts of the above included in Tier 1 and/or Tier 2 capital.	-	-
7	Capital requirements broken down by appropriate equity groupings, consistent with the bank's methodology, as well as the aggregate amounts and the type of equity investments subject to any supervisory transition or grandfathering provisions regarding regulatory capital requirements.	NA	NA

## LEVERAGE RATIO DISCLOSURES AS ON 31.03.2017

#### LEVERAGE RATIO

The minimum risk-based capital requirements under Basel III will be supplemented by non-risked-based **Tier 1 leverage ratio.** 

Table DF 17- Summary comparison of Accounting assets vs. leverage ratio exposure measure				
	Item	(Rs. in Million)		
	item	2706339		
1	Total consolidated assets as per published financial statements	_,,,,,,		
	Less: Adjustment for investments in banking, financial, insurance or			
2	commercial entities that are consolidated for accounting purposes but	00		
	outside the scope of regulatory consolidation	89		
2	Adjustment for fiduciary assets recognised on the balance sheet pursuant			
3	to the operative accounting framework but excluded from the leverage			
	ratio exposure measure	1		

4	Adjustments for derivative financial instruments	1982
5	Adjustment for securities financing transactions (i.e. repos and similar secured lending)	613961
6	Adjustment for off-balance sheet items (i.e. conversion to credit equivalent amounts of off- balance sheet exposures)	209468
7	Other adjustments	0
8	Leverage ratio exposure	3531662

DF-18: Leverage ratio common disclosure template			
		(Amount in Rs mn)	
	On-balance sheet exposures		
1	On-balance sheet items (excluding derivatives and SFTs, but including collateral)	2706339	
2	(Asset amounts deducted in determining Basel III Tier 1 capital)	89	
3	Total on-balance sheet exposures (excluding derivatives and SFTs) (sum of lines 1 and 2)	2706250	
	Derivative exposures		
4	Replacement cost associated with all derivatives transactions (i.e. net of eligible cash variation margin)	638	
5	Add-on amounts for PFE associated with all derivatives transactions	1344	
6	Gross-up for derivatives collateral provided where deducted from the balance sheet assets pursuant to the operative accounting framework	0	
7	(Deductions of receivables assets for cash variation margin provided in derivatives transactions)	0	
8	(Exempted CCP leg of client-cleared trade exposures)	0	
9	Adjusted effective notional amount of written credit derivatives	0	
10	(Adjusted effective notional offsets and add-on deductions for written credit derivatives)	0	
11	Total derivative exposures (sum of lines 4 to 10)	1982	
	Securities financing transaction exposures		
12	Gross SFT assets (with no recognition of netting), after adjusting for sale accounting transactions	613112	
13	(Netted amounts of cash payables and cash receivables of gross SFT assets)	0	
14	CCR exposure for SFT assets	849	
15	Agent transaction exposures	0	
16	Total securities financing transaction exposures (sum of lines 12	613961	

	to 15)	
	Other off-balance sheet exposures	
17	Off-balance sheet exposure at gross notional amount	797885
18	(Adjustments for conversion to credit equivalent amounts)	(588416)
19	Off-balance sheet items (sum of lines 17 and 18)	209468
	Capital and total exposures	
		157859
20	Tier 1 capital	
21	Total exposures (sum of lines 3, 11, 16 and 19)	3531662
	Leverage ratio	
22	Basel III leverage ratio (per cent)	4.47%

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(P. RAMANAMURTHY)
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

(B.K.DIVAKRA)
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

(RAJEEV RISHI)
CHAIRMAN & MANAGING DIRECTOR