PILLAR 3 (BASEL III) DISCLOSURES AS ON 31.03.2015

CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA Table DF-1: Scope of Application

(i) Qualitative Disclosures:

The disclosure in this sheet pertains to Central Bank of India on solo basis.

In the consolidated accounts (disclosed annually), bank's subsidiaries/associates are treated as under

a. List of group entities considered for consolidation

Name of the entity / Country of incorporation	Whether the entity is included under accountin g scope of consolida tion (yes / no)	Explain the method of consolidation	Whether the entity is included under regulatory scope of consolidati on (yes / no)	Explain the method of consolidatio n	Explain the reasons for difference in the method of consolidatio n	Explain the reasons if consolidated under only one of the scopes of consolidation
Cent Bank Home Finance Ltd./ India	Yes	Consolidation of the financial statements of subsidiaries in accordance with AS- 21.	No	NA	NA	Deduction of Investments from capital
Cent Bank Financial Services Ltd./India	Yes	Consolidation of the financial statements of subsidiaries in accordance with AS- 21	No	NA	NA	Deduction of Investments from capital
Central Madhyapradesh GB/ India	Yes	Consolidation of the financial statements of subsidiaries in accordance	No	NA	NA	Risk Weighted Assets

		with AS- 23				
Uttar Bihar Gramin Bank, Muzzaffarpur/ India	Yes	Consolidation of the financial statements of subsidiaries in accordance with AS- 23	No	NA	NA	Risk Weighted Assets
UttarbangaKshet riya Gram Bank, Cooch Bihar/ India	Yes	Consolidation of the financial statements of subsidiaries in accordance with AS- 23	No	NA	NA	Risk Weighted Assets
Indo-Zambia Bank Ltd. /Zambia.	Yes	Consolidation of the financial statements of subsidiaries in accordance with AS- 23	No	NA	NA	Risk Weighted Assets

b. List of group entities not considered for consolidation both under the accounting and regulatory scope of consolidation

Name of the entity / country of incorporation	Principle activity of the entity	Total balance sheet equity (as stated in the accounting balance sheet of the legal entity)	% of bank's holding in the total equity	Regulatory treatment of bank's investments in the capital instruments of the entity	Total balance sheet assets (as stated in the accounting balance sheet of the legal entity)
		NO SUCH	IENTITY	•	

(ii) Quantitative Disclosures:

c. List of group entities considered for consolidation

Name of the entity /	Principle activity of	Total balance sheet	Total balance sheet
country of	the entity	equity (as stated in the	assets (as stated in the
•	the entity	1 2 (`
incorporation		accounting balance	accounting balance
(as indicated in (i)a.		sheet of the legal	sheet of the legal
above)		entity) Rs. in Mn	entity) Rs. in Mn
Cent Bank Home	The main objective of	250	8497
Finance Ltd./ India	the Company is to		
	provide housing		
	finance		
Cent Financial	Providing investment	50	468
Services Ltd./India	banking products /		
Services Etd., mara	services to corporate		
	clients		
Central	Regional Rural Bank	2475	71700
Madhyapradesh GB/			
India			
India			
		4545	164161
Uttar Bihar Gramin	Regional Rural Bank	4545	164161
Bank, Muzzaffarpur/			
India			
UttarbangaKshetriya	Regional Rural Bank	1028	24383
Gram Bank, Cooch			
Bihar/ India			

d. The aggregate amount of capital deficiencies in all subsidiaries which are not included in the regulatory scope of consolidation i.e. that are deducted: NIL

e. The aggregate amounts (e.g. current book value) of the bank's total interests in insurance entities, which are risk-weighted: NIL

f. Any restrictions or impediments on transfer of funds or regulatory capital within the banking group: NIL

Table DF-2: Capital Adequacy

Qualitative disclosures

(a) A summary discussion of the bank's approach to assess the adequacy of its capital to support current and future activities

The bank carries out regular assessment of its capital requirement from time to time to maintain the capital to Risk Weight Assets Ratio (CRAR) at desired level. The capital plan is reviewed on annual basis to take care of business growth and CRAR.

The bank has adopted standardized approach for credit risk, basic indicator approach for operational risk and standardized duration approach for market risk.

The bank has put in place a well laid down Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process to enable the bank to plan its capital requirements in relation to its business projections and to meet the risks inherent in the business. The main objective of ICAAP exercise is to identify and measure the risks that are not fully captured by the minimum capital ratio prescribed under Pillar1; the risks that are not at all taken into account by the pillar 1; and the factors external to the bank and to provide capital for such additional risks and to measure an appropriate level of internal capital as per the risk appetite. The bank has also put in place the stress testing policy to measure impact of adverse stress scenario on its CRAR.

The bank is reviewing the ICAAP on quarterly basis.

Bank has taken initiatives to migrate to advanced approaches for Risk Weighted Assets Computation, Bank is in the process of acquiring software capabilities for the same.

Quantitative disclosures	
(b) Capital requirements for credit risk:	
• Portfolios subject to standardized approach @9%	Rs. 151845Mn
• Securitization exposures :	
	NIL

(c) Capital requirements for market risk:	
• Standardized duration approach;	
- Interest rate risk	Rs. 9576Mn
- Foreign exchange risk (including gold)	Rs. 41Mn
- Equity risk	Rs. 6170Mn
(d) Capital requirements for operational risk:	
Basic Indicator Approach	Rs. 10954Mn
(a) Common Equity Tion 1 Tion land Total Comital	
(e) Common Equity Tier 1, Tier 1 and Total Capital ratios:	
	7.86%
Common Equity Tier 1 Tier 1	8.05%
Total Capital ratio	10.90%

General qualitative disclosure requirement

A committee of board of Directors regularly oversees the Bank's Risk Management policies/practices under various risks viz. credit, operational, market etc. The bank also has separate committees for each risk comprising of top executives of bank headed by Chairman and Managing Director/ Executive directors such as Asset liability Management committee, Credit policy Committee, Operational Risk committee. These committees meet at regular intervals throughout the year to assess and monitor the level of risk under various bank operations and initiate appropriate mitigation measures wherever necessary.

The Risk Management Department at central office level which is headed by General Manager; measures, control and manages risk within the limits set by the Board and enforces compliance with risk parameters set by various committees. The General Manager is assisted by Deputy General Manager and a team of Assistant General Managers, Chief Managers, Senior Managers and Managers.

At some identified zonal offices, Risk Managers are posted who act as an extended arm of the Risk Management Department of Central Office. Officers are also identified at some regional offices to work as risk managers.

The bank has in place various policies such as Credit Risk Management Policy, Credit Risk Mitigation and Collateral Management Policy, Stress testing policy, Disclosure policy, Intra group transaction and exposure policy, Operational risk policy, ALM policy and Investment and Market risk management Policy.

Besides these, the Loan Policy prescribing broad parameters governing loan functions, guidelines on appraisal and evaluation of credit proposals, lending powers of delegated authority,

exposure norms, prudential limits and measures of monitoring and controlling the credit portfolio documentation is also in place.

The Credit Monitoring Department headed by General Manager monitors the quality of loan proposals, identify special mention accounts and take corrective measures. Loan review mechanism is also carried out by the department.

The bank has introduced rating models for various segments of borrowers including retail lending schemes which measures the risk associated with counterparties and helps in credit and pricing decisions. In case of large borrowers credit risk assessment models evaluate financial risk, Industry risk, Management risk and business risk of the counter party and each of these risks are scored separately and then overall rating is accorded to the counter party. Facility rating module is also included in the rating tool.

Table DF-3

Credit risk: General disclosures for all banks

Qualitative Disclosures

<u>Credit risk</u>

Definitions of past due and impaired

A Non-Performing Asset shall be a loan or an advance where-

- (i) Interest and/or installment of principal remain overdue for a period of more than 90days in respect of a Term Loan;
- (ii) The account remains out of order for 90 days
- (iii) The bill remains overdue for a period of more than 90days in the case of bills Purchased and Discounted
- (iv) In case of advances granted for Agricultural purposes
 - a) The installment of principal or interest thereon remains overdue for two crop seasons for short duration crops
 - b) The installment of principal or interest thereon remains overdue for one crop seasons for long duration crops
- (v) The amount of liquidity facility remains outstanding for more than 90 days, in respect of a securitization transaction undertaken in terms of guidelines on securitization dated February 1, 2006.
- (vi) in respect of derivative transactions, the overdue receivables representing positive mark to- market value of a derivative contract, if these remain unpaid for a period of 90 days from the specified due date for payment.

Out of Order:

An account should be treated as "out of Order" if the outstanding balance remains continuously in excess of the sanctioned limit/drawing power. In cases where the outstanding balance in the principal operating accounts less than the sanctioned limit/drawing power, but there are no credits continuously for 90 days as on the date of balance sheet or credit are not enough to cover the interest debited in the account during the same period.

Overdue:

Any amount due to the bank under any credit facility is overdue if it is not paid on due date fixed by the bank.

Credit Risk Management Policy

Bank has put in place a well-articulated Board approved Credit Risk Policy which is reviewed annually. The policy deals with the following areas:

- Credit risk- definition, Policy and strategy
- Risk identification & measurement,
- Risk grading and aggregation,
- Credit risk rating framework and reporting,
- Risk control and portfolio management,
- Mitigation techniques,
- Target markets and type of economic activity,
- Credit approval authority,
- Country and currency exposure,
- Maturity patterns, level of diversification,
- Cyclical aspect of the economy,
- Credit risk in off balance sheet exposure,
- Credit risk monitoring procedures
- Managing of credit risk in inter Bank Exposure,
- Country risk and other operational matters.

(Rs. in Mn)			
Quantitative Disclosures:			
2891245			
328815			

(b)	Geographic	distribution	of
expo	sures:		
-	Oversees		
•	0 verbeab		
-	Domestic		

(c)

Industry Name		
	Funded	Non-Funded
A. Mining and Quarrying (A.1 + A.2)	4376	659
A.1 Coal	2561	659
A.2 Others	1815	C
B. Food Processing (B.1 to B.5)	71595	14750
B.1 Sugar	31855	1150
B.2 Edible Oils and Vanaspati	9692	3562
B.3 Tea	2993	27
B.4 Coffee	242	0
B.5 Others	26813	10011
C. Beverages (excluding Tea & Coffee) and		
Tobacco	578	312
Of which Tobacco and tobacco products	118	19
D. Textiles (a to f)	75113	11182
a. Cotton	25613	2692
b. Jute	1653	130
c. Handicraft/Khadi (Non Priority)	194	С
d. Silk	443	0
e. Woolen	1109	287

f. Others	46102	8073
Out of D (i.e., Total Textiles) to Spinning Mills	2992	219
E. Leather and Leather products	1061	264
F. Wood and Wood Products	1895	887
G. Paper and Paper Products	6992	1912
H. Petroleum (non-infra), Coal Products (non- mining) and Nuclear Fuels	14318	1256
I. Chemicals and Chemical Products (Dyes, Paints, etc.) (I.1 to I.4)	38748	11222
I.1 Fertilizers	13725	15
I.2 Drugs and Pharmaceuticals	17999	4528
I.3 Petro-chemicals (excluding under Infrastructure)	2628	1414
I.4 Others	4395	5264
J. Rubber, Plastic and their Products	3792	1089
K. Glass & Glassware	388	0
L. Cement and Cement Products	18322	2385
M. Basic Metal and Metal Products (M.1 + M.2)	108430	23556
M.1 Iron and Steel	87722	15428
M.2 Other Metal and Metal Products	20708	8128
N. All Engineering (N.1 + N.2)	42392	57217
N.1 Electronics	5916	4614
N.2 Others	36476	52603
O. Vehicles, Vehicle Parts and Transport Equipments	12880	6484
P. Gems and Jewellery	15011	4032

Q. Construction	50015	10631
R. Infrastructure (a to d)	526178	52376
a. Transport (a.1 to a.5)	102751	12729
a.1 Railways	7357	1050
a.2 Roadways	72385	10727
a.3 Airport	12219	352
a.4 Waterways	10790	600
a.5 Others	0	0
b. Energy (b.1 to b.6)	367463	26523
b.1 Electricity (Generation)	133084	23218
b.1.1 Central Govt PSUs	7647	1340
b.1.2 State Govt PSUs (incl. SEBs)	14934	2617
b.1.3 Private Sector	110504	19261
b.2 Electricity (Transmission)	7152	0
b.2.1 Central Govt PSUs	0	0
b.2.2 State Govt PSUs (incl. SEBs)	2253	0
b.2.3 Private Sector	4899	0
b.3 Electricity (Distribution)	218556	2830
b.3.1 Central Govt PSUs	11764	152
b.3.2 State Govt PSUs (incl. SEBs)	200532	2597
b.3.3 Private Sector	6260	81
b.4 Oil (storage & pipelines)	3803	155
b.5 Gas/Liquefied Natural Gas (LNG) (storage & pipelines)	4868	321

b.6 Others	0	0
c. Telecommunication	30365	11720
d. Others	25598	1404
Of which Water sanitation	5262	288
Of which Social & Commercial		
Infrastructure	17103	938
S. Other Industries	206159	36931
All Industries (A to S)	1198242	237143
Residuary other advances (to tally with gross		
advances)	998600	66089
a. Education Loan	30119	0
b. Aviation Sector	24088	3212
c. Other Residuary advances	944393	62877
Total Loans and Advances	2196842	303232

Industry exposure is more than 5% gross exposure

	Funded	Non-Funded
Basic Metal and Metal Products	108430	23556
Infrastructure	526178	52376
Other Industries		
	206159	36931

Day 1	52665
02days to 07days:	25171
08days to 14days:	16964
15days to 28days:	6572
29days to 3months:	150484
Above 3months to 6months:	70468
Above 6months to 12months:	128293
Above 12months to36months:	955674
Above 36months to60months:	462118
Over 60 month	972597
Total	2841007
Amount of NDAs (Cross)	1107
 Amount of NPAs (Gross) – Substandard 	1187. 477
Doubtful 1	2814
 Doubtful 2 	355:
 Doubtful 3 	50:
 Loss 	220
Net NPAs	680
) NPA Ratios	
 Gross NPAs to gross advances 	6.0
 Net NPAs to net advances 	3.6
) Movement of NPAs (Gross)	
 Opening balance 	1150
 Additions 	657
Reductions	620
 NPA (Gross) 	11873

Γ

(i) Movement of provisions for NPAs	
 Opening balance 	44540
Provisions made during the periodWrite-off	20620
 Write-on Write-back of excess provisions 	17230
 Closing balance 	47930
	3046
(j) Amount of Non-Performing Investments	5040
Investments	
(k) Amount of provisions held for non-	1133
performing investments	
(l) Movement of	
provisions/depreciation on	
investments:	
 Opening balance 	918
 Provisions made during the period 	223
 Write-off 	
 Write back of excess provision 	8
 Closing balance 	1133

Credit risk: disclosures for portfolios subject to the standardized approach

Qualitative D	Disclosures
a.	The Bank has adopted Standardized approach for computation of capital charge for Credit risk as per RBI guidelines. These guidelines envisage different risk weights for different asset classes, which have been duly applied.
b.	The Bank has recognized the ratings issued by six External Credit Rating Agencies identified by RBI viz., CRISIL Ltd., CARE, ICRA Ltd., India

ratings and research pvtltd,SMERArating ltd and BRICKWORK to ra the exposures of its clients.				
с.	These agencies rate all fund and non fund based exposures. The ratings awarded by these agencies to the bank's clients are adopted for assigning risk-weights.			
d.	In case of bank's investment in particular issues of Corporate, the issue specific rating of the rating agency is reckoned to assign the risk weight.			
	Rs. in Mn			
Quantitative Di	isclosures:			
(b) For exposu	re amounts after risk mitigation subject to the			
•	pproach, amount of a bank's outstanding (rated			
	the following three major risk buckets as well			
as those that are	e deducted:			
 Below 100 % risk weight: 		1989061		
	risk weight han 100 % risk weight	766530		
	nt Deducted-CRM	464469		
		138003		

Credit risk mitigation: disclosures for standardized approaches

Qualitative Disclosures

- **Policies and processes for collateral valuation and management;** Bank has well defined credit risk mitigation and collateral management policy. The main types of collaterals accepted by bank are cash and near cash securities, land and building, plant and machinery etc.
- A description of the main types of collateral taken by the bank; Bank accepts personal guarantees, corporate guarantees and guarantees issued by sovereigns and banks. Collaterals are valued at fair market value and at regular intervals as per the policy guidelines.

RBI guidelines recognize various types of financial collaterals for the purpose of credit risk mitigation. The guidelines further provide recognition of guarantees as one of the credit risk mitigants. Bank has put in place suitable policy measures to capture these elements.

	Rs. in Mn.
 <u>Quantitative Disclosures</u> (b) For disclosed credit risk portfolio under the standardized approach, the total exposure that is covered by: eligible financial collateral; after the application of haircuts- 	
Fund based Non fund based	132852 5151

Securitization: disclosure for standardized approach

Qualitative Disclosures:	
NIL	
	Rs. in Mn
Quantitative Disclosures	
Banking Book	
(d) The total amount of exposures securitized by the	NIL
bank	
(e) For exposures securitized losses recognized by the	NIL
bank during the current period broken down by the	
exposure type (eg. Credit cards, housing loans, auto	
loans etc. detailed by underlying security)	
(f) Amount of assets intended to be securitized within a	NIL
year	
(g) Of (f), the amount of assets originated within a year	NIL
before securitization	
(h) The total amount of exposures securitized (by	
exposure type) and unrecognized gain or losses on sale	NIL
by exposure type	
(i) Aggregate amount of :	NTT .
- On balance sheet securitization exposures retained or	NIL
purchased broken down by exposure type and-	NIII
- Off balance sheet securitization exposures broken	NIL
down by exposure type	Nil
(j) Aggregate amount of securitization exposures	1811
retained or purchased and the associated capital charges broken down between exposures and further broken	
down into different risk weight bands for each	
regulatory capital approach.	
Exposures that have been deducted entirely from Tier 1	
capital, credit enhancing I/Os deducted from Total	Nil

Capital, and other exposures deducted from total capital	
(by exposure type)	
Quantitative Disclosures	
Trading Book:	
(k) Aggregate amount of exposures securitized by the	Nil
bank for which the bank has retained some exposures	
and which is subject to the market risk approach by	
exposure type	
(1) Aggregate amount of :	Nil
- On balance sheet securitization exposures retained or	
purchased broken down by exposure type and-	
- Off balance sheet securitization exposures broken	Nil
down by exposure type	
(m) Aggregate amount of securitization exposures	Nil
retained or purchased separately for :	
- securitization exposures retained or purchased subject	Nil
to comprehensive risk measure risk measure for specific	
risk: and	
- securitization exposures subject to the securitization	Nil
framework for specific risk broken down into different	
risk weight bands	
(n) Aggregate amount of :	
- The capital requirements for the securitization	Nil
exposures, subject to the securitization framework	
broken down into different risk weight bands	
- Securitization exposures that are deducted entirely	
from Tier 1 capital, credit enhancing I/O deducted from	Nil
total capital, and other exposures deducted from total	
capital (by exposure type)	

Table DF-7 Market risk in trading book

Qualitative disclosures

The bank has well defined Investment and Market Risk Management Policy. This policy covers all important areas of market risk measurement.

Bank defines Market Risk as the risk of loss in on-balance sheet and off-balance sheet positions arising from movements in market process, in particular, changes in interest rates, exchange rates and equity and commodity prices.

The bank has adopted Standardized Duration Approach for measuring the capital requirements for market risk as prescribed by RBI.

Policies for management of Market Risk:

The bank has put in place board approved Investment and Market Risk Management Policy for effective management of Market Risk in the bank. Other policy which also deal with Market Risk Management are Asset Liability Management Policy.

The policies set various prudential exposure limits and risk limits for ensuring that the operations are in line with bank's expectations of return to market risk through proper Market Risk Management and Asset Liability Management.

Asset-Liability Management

The ALM Policy is the framework of the ALM process. Bank's balance sheet has mixed exposure to different levels financial risk. The goal of bank is to maximize its profitability, but do so in a manner that does not expose the bank to excessive levels of risk which will ultimately affect the profitability. The Policy defines the limits for key measure of risk limits that have been established to specifically accommodate a bank's unique balance complexion, strategic direction, and appetite for risk.

<u>Liquidity Risk</u>

Liquidity Risk is managed through GAP analysis, based on residual maturity/behavior pattern of assets and liabilities. Banks has also put in place mechanism of short term dynamic liquidity management and contingency funding plan. Prudential limits are

prescribed for different residual maturity time buckets for efficient Asset Liability Management Liquidity profile of the bank is also evaluated through various liquidity ratios.

<u>Interest rate risk</u>

Interest rate risk is managed through Gap analysis of rate sensitive assets and liabilities and is monitored through prudential limits. Bank also estimates risk periodically against adverse movements in interest rate for assessing the impact on Net Interest Income and economic Value of Equity.

Quantitative disclosures

Capital Requirement for Market Risk	Capital Charge (Rs. in Mn)
Interest Rate Risk	Rs. 9576Mn
Equity Position Risk	Rs. 6170Mn
Foreign Exchange Risk	Rs. 41Mn
TOTAL	15787

Table DF-8 Operational risk

Qualitative disclosures

Operational Risk is the risk of losses resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, people and systems or from external events. Operational Risk includes legal risk but excludes strategic and reputation risks. Operational Risk Management in the Bank is guided by a well defined Operational Risk Management Policy which is reviewed every year. The bank has initiated pro-active steps to equip itself to migrate to advanced approaches under Operational Risk and has started collation of data pertaining to Operational Risk loss events through Loss Data Management, Risk & control Self Assessment (RCSA), Key Risk Indicators (KRI) & Scenario Analysis. Bank is also a member of loss data consortium 'CORDEx' for external loss data base.

The Bank had already approached RBI for moving to The Standardized Approach and is now making efforts to move directly to Advance Measurement Approach.

The bank has provided capital for operational risk as per Basic Indicator Approach.

Accordingly the capital requirement for operational risk as on 31.03.2015 is Rs.10954.50Mn.

Table DF-9 Interest rate risk in the banking book (IRRBB)

Qualitative Disclosure:

The interest rate risk is measured and monitored through two approaches:

- Earning at risk (Traditional Gap Analysis)
 The impact of change in interest rates on net interest income is analyzed under this approach and calculated under yield curve approach. Under this approach a parallel shift of 1% is assumed both in assets and liabilities.
- 2) Economic Value of Equity:

Modified duration of assets and liabilities is computed separately to arrive at modified duration of equity. A parallel shift in yield curve by 200 basis point is assumed for calculating the economic value of equity.

Quantitative Disclosure

Parameter of Change	Rs. in Mn
1.Impact on Earnings at 100 bps increase in interest rate across assets and liability	4712
2.Market value of Equity: 200 bps change	-16195

General Disclosure for Exposures Related to Counterparty Credit Risk

Qualitative Disclosures	(a)	The bank assigns credit limits for counterparty exposure on the basis of capital adequacy, asset quality, earnings, liquidity and management quality. The bank has well defined investment and market risk management policy. The Bank deals in various derivative products and interest Rate Swaps. The bank used derivative products for hedging its own balance sheet items as well as for trading purposes.			
Quantitative Disclosures	(b)	Rs. in Mn			
		Particulars		Amount	
		Gross positive value of cont	tracts	770	
		Netting Benefits	^		
		Netted current credit exposu	ure	2654	
		Collateral held	0		
		Net Derivative Credit Exposure 2654			
	(c)			Rs. in Mn	
		Item	Notional Amount	Current credit Exposure	
		Forward Forex contracts	88007	2530	
		Cross Currency Swaps including cross currency interest rate swaps	5000	100	
		Interest rate Contracts	2750	24	

Table DF-11: Composition of Capital

Part II: Template to be used before March 31, 2017 (i.e. during the transition period of Basel III regulatory adjustments)

			(Rs. in million)	
	sel III common disclosure template to be used during the transit egulatory adjustments (i.e. from April 1, 2013 to December 31, 2		Amounts Subject to Pre-Basel III Treatment	Ref No.
	Common Equity Tier 1 capital: instruments and reserves			
1	Directly issued qualifying common share capital plus related stock surplus (share premium)	16583		A1
2	Retained earnings	2810		
3	Accumulated other comprehensive income (and other reserves)	136822		
4	Directly issued capital subject to phase out from CET1 (only applicable to non-joint stock companies1)	0		
	Public sector capital injections grandfathered until 1 January 2018	0		
5	Common share capital issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in group CET1)	0		
6	Common Equity Tier 1 capital before regulatory adjustments	156215		
	Common Equity Tier 1 capital: regulatory adjustments			
7	Prudential valuation adjustments	0	0	0
8	Goodwill (net of related tax liability)	0	0	0
9	Intangibles other than mortgage-servicing rights (net of related tax liability)	0	0	0
10	Deferred tax assets 2	0	0	0
11	Cash-flow hedge reserve	0	0	0
12	Shortfall of provisions to expected losses	0	0	0
13	Securitisation gain on sale	0	0	0
14	Gains and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair valued liabilities	0	0	0
15	Defined-benefit pension fund net assets	0	0	0
16	Investments in own shares (if not already netted off paid-in capital on reported balance sheet)	0	0	0
17	Reciprocal cross-holdings in common equity	34	23	0

18	Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation,	0	0	0
	net of eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued share capital (amount above 10% threshold)			
19	Significant investments in the common stock of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions (amount above 10% threshold)3	161	108	0
20	Mortgage servicing rights4 (amount above 10% threshold)	0	0	0
21	Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences5 (amount above 10% threshold, net of related tax liability)	0	0	0
22	2 Amount exceeding the 15% threshold		0	0
23	of which: significant investments in the common stock of financial entities	0	0	0
24	of which: mortgage servicing rights	0	0	0
25	of which: deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences	0	0	0
26	National specific regulatory adjustments7 (26a+26b+26c+26d)	0	0	0
26a	of which: Investments in the equity capital of the unconsolidated insurance subsidiaries	0	0	0
26b	of which: Investments in the equity capital of unconsolidated non-financial subsidiaries8	0	0	0
26c	of which: Shortfall in the equity capital of majority owned financial entities which have not been consolidated with the bank9	0	0	0
26d	of which: Unamortised pension funds expenditures	0	0	0
	Regulatory Adjustments Applied to Common Equity Tier 1 in respect of Amounts Subject to Pre-Basel III Treatment	0	0	0
	of which: [INSERT TYPE OF ADJUSTMENT]	0	0	0
	of which: [INSERT TYPE OF ADJUSTMENT]	0	0	0
	of which: [INSERT TYPE OF ADJUSTMENT]	0	0	0
27	Regulatory adjustments applied to Common Equity Tier 1 due to insufficient Additional Tier 1 and Tier 2 to cover deductions	0	0	0
28	Total regulatory adjustments to Common equity Tier 1	195	131	
29	Common Equity Tier 1 capital (CET1)	156020		
	Additional Tier 1 capital: instruments			
30	Directly issued qualifying Additional Tier 1 instruments plus related stock surplus (31+32)	0		
	of which: classified as equity under applicable accounting	-		
31	standards (Perpetual Non-Cumulative Preference Shares)			

33	Directly issued capital instruments subject to phase out from Additional Tier 1	4081	81 B1+B2	
34	Additional Tier 1 instruments (and CET1 instruments not included in row 5) issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in group AT1)			
35	of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase out			
36	Additional Tier 1 capital before regulatory adjustments	4081		
	Additional Tier 1 capital: regulatory adjustments			
37	Investments in own Additional Tier 1 instruments	0	0	
38	Reciprocal cross-holdings in Additional Tier 1 instruments	0	0	
39	Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity (amount above 10% threshold)	0	0	
40	Significant investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (net of eligible short positions)	54	54	
41	National specific regulatory adjustments (41a+41b)	315		
41a	Investments in the Additional Tier 1 capital of unconsolidated insurance subsidiaries			
41b	Shortfall in the Additional Tier 1 capital of majority owned financial entities which have not been consolidated with the bank			
	Regulatory Adjustments Applied to Additional Tier 1 in respect of Amounts Subject to Pre-Basel III Treatment	0	0	
	of which: Intangibles and Defined benefit Pension fund	0		
	ofwhich:e.g. reciprocal cross holding subject to pre - basel III treatment pertaining Common Equity, Additional Tier1 and Tier 2	315	0	
	of which: [INSERT TYPE OF ADJUSTMENT]	0		
42	Regulatory adjustments applied to Additional Tier 1 due to insufficient Tier 2 to cover deductions			
43	Total regulatory adjustments to Additional Tier 1 capital	369		
44	Additional Tier 1 capital (AT1)	3712		
45	Tier 1 capital (T1 = CET1 + AT1) (29 + 44a)	159731		
	Tier 2 capital: instruments and provisions			
46	Directly issued qualifying Tier 2 instruments plus related stock surplus	10000		C3
47	Directly issued capital instruments subject to phase out from Tier 2	27655		C1+C2

48	Tier 2 instruments (and CET1 and AT1 instruments not included in rows 5 or 34) issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in group Tier 2)	0		
49	of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase out	0		
50	Provisions (Revaluation reserves, Provision on Standard assets, sale of NPA etc)	20259		
51	Tier 2 capital before regulatory adjustments	57914		
52	Investments in own Tier 2 instruments			
53	Reciprocal cross-holdings in Tier 2 instruments	1216	304	
54	Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity (amount above the 10% threshold)	0	0	
55	Significant investments13 in the capital banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (net of eligible short positions)	54	0	
56	National specific regulatory adjustments (56a+56b)	11		
56a	of which: Investments in the Tier 2 capital of unconsolidated subsidiaries			
56b	of which: Shortfall in the Tier 2 capital of majority owned financial entities which have not been consolidated with the bank			
	Regulatory Adjustments Applied To Tier 2 in respect of Amounts Subject to Pre-Basel III Treatment	11		
	of which: Reciprocal cross holding Common Equity	11	0	
	of which: Investments more than 10% of common equity in Tier 1 and Tier 2	0		
57	Total regulatory adjustments to Tier 2 capital	1281		
58	Tier 2 capital (T2)	56633		
58a	Tier 2 capital reckoned for capital adequacy	56633		
58b	Excess Additional Tier 1 capital reckoned as Tier 2 capital	0		
58c	Total Tier 2 capital admissible for capital adequacy (58a + 58b)	56633		
59	Total capital (TC = T1 + T2) (45 + 58c)	216364		
	Risk Weighted Assets in respect of Amounts Subject to Pre- Basel III Treatment			
	of which: [INSERT TYPE OF ADJUSTMENT]			
	of which:			
60	Total risk weighted assets (60a + 60b + 60c)	1984293		
60a	of which: total credit risk weighted assets	1687170		
60b	of which: total market risk weighted assets	175407		

60c	of which: total operational risk weighted assets	121716	
	Capital ratios		
61	Common Equity Tier 1 (as a percentage of risk weighted assets)	7.86%	
62	Tier 1 (as a percentage of risk weighted assets)	8.05%	
63	Total capital (as a percentage of risk weighted assets)	10.90%	
64	Institution specific buffer requirement (minimum CET1	5.50%	
	requirement plus capital conservation and countercyclical buffer requirements, expressed as a percentage of risk weighted assets)		
65	of which: capital conservation buffer requirement	0.00%	
66	of which: bank specific countercyclical buffer requirement	0.00%	
67	of which: G-SIB buffer requirement	0.00%	
68	Common Equity Tier 1 available to meet buffers (as a percentage of risk weighted assets)	0.00%	
	National minima (if different from Basel III)		
69	National Common Equity Tier 1 minimum ratio (if different from Basel III minimum)	5.50%	
70	National Tier 1 minimum ratio (if different from Basel III minimum)	7.00%	
71	National total capital minimum ratio (if different from Basel III minimum)	9.00%	
A	Amounts below the thresholds for deduction (before risk weight	ing)	
72	Non-significant investments in the capital of other financial entities		
73	Significant investments in the common stock of financial entities		
74	Mortgage servicing rights (net of related tax liability)		
75	Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability)		
	Applicable caps on the inclusion of provisions in Tier 2		
76	Provisions eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 in respect of exposures subject to standardised approach (prior to application of cap)		
77	Cap on inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 under standardised approach		
78	Provisions eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 in respect of exposures subject to internal ratings-based approach (prior to application of cap)		
79	Cap for inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 under internal ratings- based approach		
Ca	pital instruments subject to phase-out arrangements (only appl between March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2022)	icable	

	arrangements		
81	Amount excluded from CET1 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)	NA	
82	Current cap on AT1 instruments subject to phase out arrangements	NA	
83	Amount excluded from AT1 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)	NA	
84	Current cap on T2 instruments subject to phase out arrangements	NA	
85	Amount excluded from T2 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)	NA	

Table DF-12: Composition of Capital- Reconciliation Requirements

			(Rs. in Millions)
		Balance sheet as in financial statements	Balance sheet under regulatory scope of consolidation
		As on 31.03.2015	As on 31.03.2015
Α	Capital & Liabilities		
i	Paid-up Capital	16583	
	of which: Amount eligible for CET 1	16583	A1
	of which: Amount eligible for AT 1	0	B1
	Reserves & Surplus	157986	
	Minority Interest	0	
	Total Capital	174569	
ii	Deposits	2555724	
	of which: Deposits from banks	63336	
	of which: Customer deposits	2492388	
	of which: Other deposits (pl. specify)	-	
iii	Borrowings	259741	
	of which: From RBI	142071	
	of which: From banks	0	
	of which: From other institutions & agencies	37680	
	of which: Others (Outside india)	5937	
	of which:Subordinated Debt	24373	C1
	of which:Upper Tier 2	28850	C2
	of which: Unsecredem NC Basel III Bonds (Tier 2)	10000	C3
	of which: Innovative Perpetual Debt Instrument	10830	B2
iv	Other liabilities & provisions	129371	

	Total	3119405	
В	Assets		
i	Cash and balances with Reserve Bank of India	141148	
	Balance with banks and money at call and short notice	6955	
ii	Investments:	954739	
iii	Loans and advances	1884775	
	of which: Loans and advances to banks	8	
	of which: Loans and advances to customers	1884767	
iv	Fixed assets	28332	
v	Other assets	103456	
	of which: Goodwill and intangible assets	0	
	of which: Deferred tax assets	0	
vi	Goodwill on consolidation		
vii	Debit balance in Profit & Loss account	0	
	Total Assets	3119405	

Table DF-13: Main Features of Regulatory Capital Instruments

The main features of Tier - 1 capital instruments are given below:

Details	Equity
Issuer	CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA
Unique identifier (e.g. CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for private placement)	INE483A01010
Governing law(s) of the instrument	Indian Laws
Regulatory treatment	
Transitional Basel III rules	Common Equity Tier 1
Post-transitional Basel III rules	Common Equity Tier 1
Eligible at solo/group/ group & solo	Solo and Group
Instrument type	Common Shares
Amount recognised in regulatory capital (Rs. in million, as of most recent reporting date)	16583
Par value of instrument	Rs. 10 per share
Accounting classification	Shareholder's Equity
Original date of issuance	Various
Perpetual or dated	Perpetual

Original maturity date	N.A.
Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	No
Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	N.A.
Subsequent call dates, if applicable	N.A.
Coupons / dividends	
Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Floating
Coupon rate and any related index	N.A.
Existence of a dividend stopper	No
Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Fully discretionary
Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	No
Noncumulative or cumulative	N.A.
Convertible or non-convertible	N.A.
If convertible, conversion trigger(s)	N.A.
If convertible, fully or partially	N.A.
If convertible, conversion rate	N.A.
If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	N.A.
If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	N.A.
If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	N.A.
Write-down feature	N.A.
If write-down, write-down trigger(s)	N.A.
If write-down, full or partial	N.A.
If write-down, permanent or temporary	N.A.
If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	N.A.
Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument)	All depositors and others Creditors, bonds, and PNCPS
Non-compliant transitioned features	No
If yes, specify non-compliant features	

SERIES DETAILS	IPDI	Sr. II PDI
Issuer	CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA	CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA
Unique identifier (e.g. CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for private placement)	INE483A09237	INE483109252
Governing law(s) of the instrument	Indian Laws	Indian Laws
Regulatory treatment		
Transitional Basel III rules	Additional Tier 1	Inelgible
Post-transitional Basel III rules	Ineligible	Ineligible
Eligible at solo/group/ group & solo	Solo and Group	Solo and Group
Instrument type	Perpetual Debt Instruments	Perpetual Debt Instruments
Amount recognised in regulatory capital (Rs. in million, as of most recent reporting date)	4081	0
Par value of instrument	Rs.1.00 Mn	Rs.1.00 Mn
Accounting classification	LIABILITY	LIABILITY
Original date of issuance	30.03.2009	28.09.2012
Perpetual or dated	Perpetual	Perpetual
Original maturity date		
Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	No	Yes
Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	N.A.	28.09.2022
Subsequent call dates, if applicable	N.A.	N.A.

Coupons /		
dividends		
Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Floating	Fixed
Coupon rate and any related index	G.sec + 250 bps to be repriced every year in March	9.40% p.a.
Existence of a dividend stopper	No	No
Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory
Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	No	No
Noncumulative or cumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative
Convertible or non- convertible	Nonconvertible	Nonconvertible
If convertible, conversion trigger(s)	N.A.	N.A.
If convertible, fully or partially	N.A.	N.A.
If convertible, conversion rate	N.A.	N.A.
If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	N.A.	N.A.
If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	N.A.	N.A.
If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	N.A.	N.A.
Write-down feature	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
If write-down, write-down trigger(s)	N.A.	N.A.
If write-down, full or partial	N.A.	N.A.
If write-down, permanent or temporary	N.A.	N.A.
If temporary write- down, description of write-up	N.A.	N.A.

mechanism		
Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument)	All depositors and other Creditors	All depositors and other Creditors
Non-compliant transitioned features	Yes	Yes
If yes, specify non- compliant features	Not Basel III Loss absorbency features	Fully derecognized, Not Basel III Loss absorbency features

The main features of Upper Tier - 2 capital instruments are given below

SERIES DETAILS	Upper Tier II (Sr. I)	Upper Tier II (Sr. II)	Up	oper Tier II (Sr.III)	Upper Tier II (Sr. IV)	Upper Tier II (Sr. V)	Upper Tier II (Sr. VI)
Issuer	CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA						
Unique identifier (e.g. CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for private placement)	INE483109179) INE483A0	9195	INE483A09203	INE483A09211	INE483A09229	INE483A08015
Governing law(s) of the instrument	Indian Laws	Indian Laws	5	Indian Laws	Indian Laws	Indian Laws	Indian Laws
Regulatory treatment							
Transitional Basel III rules	Tier 2	Tier 2		Tier 2	Tier 2	Tier 2	Tier 2
Post-transitional Basel III rules	Ineligible	Ineligible		Ineligible	Ineligible	Ineligible	Ineligible
Eligible at solo/group/ group & solo	Solo and Group	Solo and Gr	oup	Solo and Group	Solo and Group	Solo and Group	Solo and Group
Instrument type	Upper Tier 2 Capital Instruments	Upper Tier 2 Capital Instruments		Upper Tier 2 Capital Instruments	Upper Tier 2 Capital Instruments	Upper Tier 2 Capital Instruments	Upper Tier 2 Capital Instruments
Amount recognized in regulatory capital (Rs. in million, as of most recent reporting date)	2100	1995		3500	3500	7000	2100
Par value of instrument	Rs. 1.00 Mn	Rs. 1.00 Mn	1	Rs. 1.00 Mn	Rs. 1.00 Mn	Rs. 1.00 Mn	Rs. 1.00 Mn
Accounting classification	LIABILITY	LIABILITY	r	LIABILITY	LIABILITY	LIABILITY	LIABILITY
Original date of issuance	14.11.2008	17.02.2009		23.06.2009	20.01.2010	11.06.2010	21.01.2011
Perpetual or dated	DATED	DATED		DATED	DATED	DATED	DATED
Original maturity date	14.11.2023	17.02.2024		23.06.2024	20.01.2025	11.06.2025	21.01.2026
Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	Yes	Yes		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	14.11.2018	17.02.2019		23.06.2019	20.01.2020	11.06.2020	21.01.2021
Subsequent call dates, if	N.A.	N.A.		N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.

applicable						
Coupons / dividends						
Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Fixed	Fixed	Fixed	Fixed	Fixed	Fixed
Coupon rate and any related index	11.45%	9.40%	8.80%	8.63%	8.57%	9.20%
Existence of a dividend stopper	No	No	No	No	No	No
Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory
Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Noncumulative or cumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative
Convertible or non- convertible	Nonconvertible	Nonconvertible	Nonconvertible	Nonconvertible	Nonconvertible	Nonconvertible
If convertible, conversion trigger(s)	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
If convertible, fully or partially	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
If convertible, conversion rate	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Write-down feature	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
If write-down, write-down trigger(s)	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
If write-down, full or partial	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
If write-down, permanent or temporary	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.

If temporary write-down,	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
description of write-up						
mechanism						
Position in subordination	All depositors	All depositors	All depositors and	All depositors and	All depositors	All depositors and
hierarchy in liquidation	and other	and other	other creditors	other creditors	and other	other creditors
(specify instrument type	creditors	creditors			creditors	
immediately senior to						
instrument)						
Non-compliant transitioned	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
features						
If yes, specify non-compliant	Step up,	Step up,	Step up,	Step up,	Step up,	Not Basel III Loss
features	Not Basel III	Not Basel III	Not Basel III Loss	Not Basel III Loss	Not Basel III	absorbency features
	Loss absorbency	Loss absorbency	absorbency	absorbency features	Loss absorbency	
	features	features	features		features	

The main features of Subordinated Debt capital instruments are given below:

SERIES DETAILS	Lower Tier II Sr X	Lower Tier II Sr XI	Lower Tier II Sr XII	Lower Tier II Sr XIII	Lower Tier II Sr XIV
Issuer					
Unique identifier (e.g. CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for private placement)	INE483A09146	INE483A09153	INE483A09161	INE483109187	INE483A09245
Governing law(s) of the instrument	Indian Laws				
Regulatory treatment					
Transitional Basel III rules	Tier 2				
Post-transitional Basel III rules	Ineligible	Ineligible	Ineligible	Ineligible	Ineligible
Eligible at solo/group/ group & solo	Solo and Group				
Instrument type	Tier 2 Debt Instruments				

Amount recognised in regulatory capital (Rs. in million, as of most recent reporting date)	0	980	1090	1890	3500
Par value of instrument	Rs.1.00 Mn				
Accounting classification	LIABILITY	LIABILITY	LIABILITY	LIABILITY	LIABILITY
Original date of issuance	28.03.2006	04.10.2006	03.03.2008	10.02.2009	21.12.2011
Perpetual or dated	DATED	DATED	DATED	DATED	DATED
Original maturity date	28.06.2015	04.10.2016	03.05.2017	10.04.2018	21.12.2026
Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	No	No	No	No	Yes
Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	21.12.2021
Subsequent call dates, if applicable	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Coupons / dividends					
Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Fixed	Fixed	Fixed	Fixed	Fixed
Coupon rate and any related index	8.15%	8.95%	9.20%	9.35%	9.33%
Existence of a dividend stopper	No	No	No	No	No
Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory
Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	No	No	No	No	No
Noncumulative or cumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative	Noncumulative
Convertible or non- convertible	Nonconvertible	Nonconvertible	Nonconvertible	Nonconvertible	Nonconvertible
If convertible, conversion trigger(s)	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.

If convertible, fully or partially	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
If convertible, conversion rate	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Write-down feature	Not Applicable				
If write-down, write-down trigger(s)	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
If write-down, full or partial	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
If write-down, permanent or temporary	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument)	All depositors and other creditors				
Non-compliant transitioned features	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
If yes, specify non- compliant features	Not Basel III Loss absorbency features	Not Basel III Loss absorbency features	Not Basel III Loss absorbency features	Not Basel III Loss absorbency features	Not Basel III Loss absorbency features

	BASEL III COMPLIANT TIER II BONDS
	SR I
Issuer	
Unique identifier (e.g. CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for private placement)	INE483A09260
Governing law(s) of the instrument	Indian Laws
Regulatory treatment	
Transitional Basel III rules	Tier 2
Post-transitional Basel III rules	ELIGIBLE
Eligible at solo/group/ group & solo	Solo and Group
Instrument type	Tier 2 Debt Instruments
Amount recognised in regulatory capital (Rs. in million, as of most recent reporting date)	10000
Par value of instrument	Rs.1.00 Mn
Accounting classification	LIABILITY
Original date of issuance	08.11.2013
Perpetual or dated	DATED
Original maturity date	08.11.2023
Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	No
Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	N.A.
Subsequent call dates, if applicable	N.A.
Coupons / dividends	
Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Fixed
Coupon rate and any related index	9.90%
Existence of a dividend stopper	No
Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Mandatory
Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	No
Noncumulative or cumulative	Noncumulative
Convertible or non-convertible	Nonconvertible
If convertible, conversion trigger(s)	N.A.
If convertible, fully or partially	N.A.
If convertible, conversion rate	N.A.

The main features of BASEL III compliant Tier 2 Bonds are given below:

If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	N.A.
If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	N.A.
If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	N.A.
Write-down feature	YES
If write-down, write-down trigger(s)	These bonds, at the option of the reserve bank of India, can be temporarily written down or permanently written off upon occurrence of the trigger event, called the 'point of non-viability trigger'("ponv trigger")
If write-down, full or partial	Partial
If write-down, permanent or temporary	Temporary
If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	 It should be done at least one year after the bank makes the first payment of dividend to its common shareholders after breaching the pre-specified trigger. Aggregate write-up in a year should be restricted to a percentage of dividends declared during a year, the percentage being the ratio of the 'equity created by written-down bonds' to 'the total equity minus the equity created by written-down bonds'. Aggregate write-up in a year, should also not exceed 25% of the amount paid as dividend to the common shareholders in a particular year.
Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument)	All depositors and other creditors
Non-compliant transitioned features	NO
If yes, specify non-compliant features	-

Sr. No.	Capital type	Instruments	Full Terms and Conditions
1.	Equity	Equity	As disclosed in Main features section
2.	Additional Tier 1	IPDI	As disclosed in Main features section
3.	TIER 2	UPPER TIER 2 BONDS	As disclosed in Main features section
4.	TIER 2	SUBORDINATE BONDS	As disclosed in Main features section
5.	TIER 2	BASEL III COMPLIANT BOND	As disclosed in Main features section

Table DF-14: Full Terms and Conditions of Regulatory Capital Instruments

DR. S. K. MISHRA

PRADEEP KUMAR

DY. GENERALMANAGER

GENERALMANAGER

(R.C.LODHA)(B.K.DIVAKRA)(R.K. GOYAL)(RAJEEV RISHI)EXECUTIVE DIRECTOREXECUTIVE DIRECTOREXECUTIVE DIRECTORCHAIRMAN & MANAGING DIRECTOR

Date: 29-05-2015